Package 'mlr3tuning'

March 5, 2024

Title Hyperparameter Optimization for 'mlr3'

Version 0.20.0

Description Hyperparameter optimization package of the 'mlr3' ecosystem. It features highly configurable search spaces via the 'paradox' package and finds optimal hyperparameter configurations for any 'mlr3' learner. 'mlr3tuning' works with several optimization algorithms e.g. Random Search, Iterated Racing, Bayesian Optimization (in 'mlr3mbo') and Hyperband (in 'mlr3hyperband'). Moreover, it can automatically optimize learners and estimate the performance of optimized models with nested resampling.

License LGPL-3

URL https://mlr3tuning.mlr-org.com,
 https://github.com/mlr-org/mlr3tuning

BugReports https://github.com/mlr-org/mlr3tuning/issues

Depends mlr3 (>= 0.17.0), paradox (>= 0.10.0), R (>= 3.1.0)

Imports bbotk (>= 0.7.3), checkmate (>= 2.0.0), data.table, lgr, mlr3misc (>= 0.13.0), R6

Suggests adagio, GenSA, irace, knitr, mlr3learners (>= 0.5.5), mlr3pipelines, nloptr, rmarkdown, rpart, testthat (>= 3.0.0), xgboost

Config/testthat/edition 3

Config/testthat/parallel true

Encoding UTF-8

NeedsCompilation no

RoxygenNote 7.3.1

Collate 'ArchiveTuning.R' 'AutoTuner.R' 'CallbackTuning.R' 'ContextEval.R' 'ObjectiveTuning.R' 'mlr_tuners.R' 'Tuner.R' 'TunerCmaes.R' 'TunerDesignPoints.R' 'TunerFromOptimizer.R' 'TunerGenSA.R' 'TunerGridSearch.R' 'TunerIrace.R' 'TunerNLoptr.R' 'TunerRandomSearch.R' 'TuningInstanceSingleCrit.R' 'TuningInstanceMulticrit.R'

68

'as_search_space.R' 'assertions.R' 'auto_tuner.R'

'bibentries.R' 'extract_inner_tuning_archives.R'

'extract_inner_tuning_results.R' 'helper.R' 'mlr_callbacks.R'

'reexport.R' 'sugar.R' 'tune.R' 'tune_nested.R' 'zzz.R'

VignetteBuilder knitr

Author Marc Becker [cre, aut] (https://orcid.org/0000-0002-8115-0400),

Michel Lang [aut] (https://orcid.org/0000-0001-9754-0393),

Jakob Richter [aut] (https://orcid.org/0000-0003-4481-5554),

Bernd Bischl [aut] (https://orcid.org/0000-0003-0950-1947))

Maintainer Marc Becker marcbecker@posteo.de>

Repository CRAN

R topics documented:

Index

Date/Publication 2024-03-05 05:30:14 UTC

mlr3tuning-package
ArchiveTuning
as_search_space
AutoTuner
auto_tuner
CallbackTuning
callback_tuning
ContextEval
extract_inner_tuning_archives
extract_inner_tuning_results
mlr3tuning.backup
mlr3tuning.early_stopping
mlr3tuning.measures
mlr_tuners
mlr_tuners_cmaes
mlr_tuners_design_points
mlr_tuners_gensa
mlr_tuners_grid_search
mlr_tuners_irace
mlr_tuners_nloptr
mlr_tuners_random_search
ObjectiveTuning
ti
tnr
tune
Tuner
tune_nested
TuningInstanceMultiCrit
TuningInstanceSingleCrit

mlr3tuning-package 3

mlr3tuning-package

mlr3tuning: Hyperparameter Optimization for 'mlr3'

Description

Hyperparameter optimization package of the 'mlr3' ecosystem. It features highly configurable search spaces via the 'paradox' package and finds optimal hyperparameter configurations for any 'mlr3' learner. 'mlr3tuning' works with several optimization algorithms e.g. Random Search, Iterated Racing, Bayesian Optimization (in 'mlr3mbo') and Hyperband (in 'mlr3hyperband'). Moreover, it can automatically optimize learners and estimate the performance of optimized models with nested resampling.

Author(s)

Maintainer: Marc Becker <marcbecker@posteo.de> (ORCID)

Authors:

- Michel Lang <michellang@gmail.com> (ORCID)
- Jakob Richter < jakob1richter@gmail.com > (ORCID)
- Bernd Bischl

 bernd_bischl@gmx.net> (ORCID)
- Daniel Schalk <daniel.schalk@stat.uni-muenchen.de>(ORCID)

See Also

Useful links:

- https://mlr3tuning.mlr-org.com
- https://github.com/mlr-org/mlr3tuning
- Report bugs at https://github.com/mlr-org/mlr3tuning/issues

ArchiveTuning

Class for Logging Evaluated Hyperparameter Configurations

Description

The ArchiveTuning stores all evaluated hyperparameter configurations and performance scores.

Details

The ArchiveTuning is a container around a data.table::data.table(). Each row corresponds to a single evaluation of a hyperparameter configuration. See the section on Data Structure for more information. The archive stores additionally a mlr3::BenchmarkResult (\$benchmark_result) that records the resampling experiments. Each experiment corresponds to to a single evaluation of a hyperparameter configuration. The table (\$data) and the benchmark result (\$benchmark_result) are linked by the uhash column. If the archive is passed to as.data.table(), both are joined automatically.

4 ArchiveTuning

Data Structure

The table (\$data) has the following columns:

- One column for each hyperparameter of the search space (\$search_space).
- One column for each performance measure (\$codomain).
- x_domain(list())
 Lists of (transformed) hyperparameter values that are passed to the learner.
- runtime_learners (numeric(1))
 Sum of training and predict times logged in learners per mlr3::ResampleResult / evaluation.
 This does not include potential overhead time.
- timestamp (POSIXct)
 Time stamp when the evaluation was logged into the archive.
- batch_nr (integer(1))
 Hyperparameters are evaluated in batches. Each batch has a unique batch number.
- uhash (character(1))
 Connects each hyperparameter configuration to the resampling experiment stored in the mlr3::BenchmarkResult.

Analysis

For analyzing the tuning results, it is recommended to pass the ArchiveTuning to as.data.table(). The returned data table is joined with the benchmark result which adds the mlr3::ResampleResult for each hyperparameter evaluation.

The archive provides various getters (e.g. \$learners()) to ease the access. All getters extract by position (i) or unique hash (uhash). For a complete list of all getters see the methods section.

The benchmark result (\$benchmark_result) allows to score the hyperparameter configurations again on a different measure. Alternatively, measures can be supplied to as.data.table().

The mlr3viz package provides visualizations for tuning results.

S3 Methods

• as.data.table.ArchiveTuning(x, unnest = "x_domain", exclude_columns = "uhash", measures = NULL)

Returns a tabular view of all evaluated hyperparameter configurations.

ArchiveTuning -> data.table::data.table()

- x (ArchiveTuning)
- unnest (character())

Transforms list columns to separate columns. Set to NULL if no column should be unnested.

- exclude_columns (character())
 Exclude columns from table. Set to NULL if no column should be excluded.
- measures (List of mlr3::Measure)
 Score hyperparameter configurations on additional measures.

Super class

bbotk::Archive -> ArchiveTuning

ArchiveTuning 5

Public fields

```
benchmark_result (mlr3::BenchmarkResult)
Benchmark result.
```

Methods

Public methods:

- ArchiveTuning\$new()
- ArchiveTuning\$learner()
- ArchiveTuning\$learners()
- ArchiveTuning\$learner_param_vals()
- ArchiveTuning\$predictions()
- ArchiveTuning\$resample_result()
- ArchiveTuning\$print()
- ArchiveTuning\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

```
Usage:
ArchiveTuning$new(search_space, codomain, check_values = TRUE)
Arguments:
search_space (paradox::ParamSet)
```

Hyperparameter search space. If NULL (default), the search space is constructed from the TuneToken of the learner's parameter set (learner\$param_set).

```
codomain (bbotk::Codomain)
```

Specifies codomain of objective function i.e. a set of performance measures. Internally created from provided mlr3::Measures.

```
check_values (logical(1))
```

If TRUE (default), hyperparameter configurations are check for validity.

Method learner(): Retrieve mlr3::Learner of the i-th evaluation, by position or by unique hash uhash. i and uhash are mutually exclusive. Learner does not contain a model. Use \$learners() to get learners with models.

```
Usage:
ArchiveTuning$learner(i = NULL, uhash = NULL)
Arguments:
i (integer(1))
   The iteration value to filter for.
uhash (logical(1))
   The uhash value to filter for.
```

Method learners(): Retrieve list of trained mlr3::Learner objects of the i-th evaluation, by position or by unique hash uhash. i and uhash are mutually exclusive.

```
Usage:
ArchiveTuning$learners(i = NULL, uhash = NULL)
```

6 ArchiveTuning

```
Arguments:
 i (integer(1))
     The iteration value to filter for.
 uhash (logical(1))
     The uhash value to filter for.
Method learner_param_vals(): Retrieve param values of the i-th evaluation, by position or
by unique hash uhash. i and uhash are mutually exclusive.
 Usage:
 ArchiveTuning$learner_param_vals(i = NULL, uhash = NULL)
 Arguments:
 i (integer(1))
     The iteration value to filter for.
 uhash (logical(1))
     The uhash value to filter for.
Method predictions(): Retrieve list of mlr3::Prediction objects of the i-th evaluation, by
position or by unique hash uhash. i and uhash are mutually exclusive.
 Usage:
 ArchiveTuning$predictions(i = NULL, uhash = NULL)
 Arguments:
 i (integer(1))
     The iteration value to filter for.
 uhash (logical(1))
     The uhash value to filter for.
Method resample_result(): Retrieve mlr3::ResampleResult of the i-th evaluation, by position
or by unique hash uhash. i and uhash are mutually exclusive.
 Usage:
 ArchiveTuning$resample_result(i = NULL, uhash = NULL)
 Arguments:
 i (integer(1))
     The iteration value to filter for.
 uhash (logical(1))
     The uhash value to filter for.
Method print(): Printer.
 Usage:
 ArchiveTuning$print()
 Arguments:
 ... (ignored).
Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.
 Usage:
 ArchiveTuning$clone(deep = FALSE)
 Arguments:
 deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

as_search_space 7

as_search_space

Convert to a Search Space

Description

Convert object to a search space.

Usage

```
as_search_space(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'Learner'
as_search_space(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'ParamSet'
as_search_space(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x (any)

Object to convert to search space.

... (any)

Additional arguments.

Value

paradox::ParamSet.

AutoTuner

Class for Automatic Tuning

Description

The AutoTuner wraps a mlr3::Learner and augments it with an automatic tuning process for a given set of hyperparameters. The auto_tuner() function creates an AutoTuner object.

Details

The AutoTuner is a mlr3::Learner which wraps another mlr3::Learner and performs the following steps during \$train():

- 1. The hyperparameters of the wrapped (inner) learner are trained on the training data via resampling. The tuning can be specified by providing a Tuner, a bbotk::Terminator, a search space as paradox::ParamSet, a mlr3::Resampling and a mlr3::Measure.
- 2. The best found hyperparameter configuration is set as hyperparameters for the wrapped (inner) learner stored in at\$learner. Access the tuned hyperparameters via at\$tuning_result.

3. A final model is fit on the complete training data using the now parametrized wrapped learner. The respective model is available via field at\$learner\$model.

During \$predict() the AutoTuner just calls the predict method of the wrapped (inner) learner. A set timeout is disabled while fitting the final model.

Resources

There are several sections about hyperparameter optimization in the mlr3book.

- Automate the tuning.
- Estimate the model performance with nested resampling.

The gallery features a collection of case studies and demos about optimization.

Nested Resampling

Nested resampling is performed by passing an AutoTuner to mlr3::resample() or mlr3::benchmark(). To access the inner resampling results, set store_tuning_instance = TRUE and execute mlr3::resample() or mlr3::benchmark() with store_models = TRUE (see examples). The mlr3::Resampling passed to the AutoTuner is meant to be the inner resampling, operating on the training set of an arbitrary outer resampling. For this reason, the inner resampling should be not instantiated. If an instantiated resampling is passed, the AutoTuner fails when a row id of the inner resampling is not present in the training set of the outer resampling.

Default Measures

If no measure is passed, the default measure is used. The default measure depends on the task type.

Task	Default Measure	Package
"classif"	"classif.ce"	mlr3
"regr"	"regr.mse"	mlr3
"surv"	"surv.cindex"	mlr3proba
"dens"	"dens.logloss"	mlr3proba
"classif_st"	"classif.ce"	mlr3spatial
"regr_st"	"regr.mse"	mlr3spatial
"clust"	"clust.dunn"	mlr3cluster

Super class

```
mlr3::Learner -> AutoTuner
```

Public fields

```
instance_args (list())
All arguments from construction to create the TuningInstanceSingleCrit.
tuner (Tuner)
Optimization algorithm.
```

Active bindings

```
archive ArchiveTuning
    Archive of the TuningInstanceSingleCrit.

learner (mlr3::Learner)
    Trained learner

tuning_instance (TuningInstanceSingleCrit)
    Internally created tuning instance with all intermediate results.

tuning_result (data.table::data.table)
    Short-cut to result from TuningInstanceSingleCrit.

predict_type (character(1))
    Stores the currently active predict type, e.g. "response". Must be an element of $predict_types.

hash (character(1))
    Hash (unique identifier) for this object.

phash (character(1))
    Hash (unique identifier) for this partial object, excluding some components which are varied systematically during tuning (parameter values) or feature selection (feature names).
```

Methods

Public methods:

- AutoTuner\$new()
- AutoTuner\$base_learner()
- AutoTuner\$importance()
- AutoTuner\$selected_features()
- AutoTuner\$oob_error()
- AutoTuner\$loglik()
- AutoTuner\$print()
- AutoTuner\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

```
Usage:
AutoTuner$new(
   tuner,
   learner,
   resampling,
   measure = NULL,
   terminator,
   search_space = NULL,
   store_tuning_instance = TRUE,
   store_benchmark_result = TRUE,
   store_models = FALSE,
   check_values = FALSE,
   allow_hotstart = FALSE,
   keep_hotstart_stack = FALSE,
   evaluate_default = FALSE,
```

```
callbacks = list()
)
Arguments:
tuner (Tuner)
    Optimization algorithm.
learner (mlr3::Learner)
    Learner to tune.
resampling (mlr3::Resampling)
    Resampling that is used to evaluate the performance of the hyperparameter configurations.
    Uninstantiated resamplings are instantiated during construction so that all configurations
    are evaluated on the same data splits. Already instantiated resamplings are kept unchanged.
    Specialized Tuner change the resampling e.g. to evaluate a hyperparameter configuration
    on different data splits. This field, however, always returns the resampling passed in con-
    struction.
measure (mlr3::Measure)
    Measure to optimize. If NULL, default measure is used.
terminator (Terminator)
    Stop criterion of the tuning process.
search_space (paradox::ParamSet)
    Hyperparameter search space. If NULL (default), the search space is constructed from the
    TuneToken of the learner's parameter set (learner$param_set).
store_tuning_instance (logical(1))
    If TRUE (default), stores the internally created TuningInstanceSingleCrit with all intermedi-
    ate results in slot $tuning_instance.
store_benchmark_result (logical(1))
    If TRUE (default), store resample result of evaluated hyperparameter configurations in archive
    as mlr3::BenchmarkResult.
store_models (logical(1))
    If TRUE, fitted models are stored in the benchmark result (archive$benchmark_result). If
    store_benchmark_result = FALSE, models are only stored temporarily and not accessible
    after the tuning. This combination is needed for measures that require a model.
check_values (logical(1))
    If TRUE, hyperparameter values are checked before evaluation and performance scores after.
    If FALSE (default), values are unchecked but computational overhead is reduced.
allow_hotstart (logical(1))
    Allow to hotstart learners with previously fitted models. See also mlr3::HotstartStack. The
    learner must support hotstarting. Sets store_models = TRUE.
keep_hotstart_stack (logical(1))
    If TRUE, mlr3::HotstartStack is kept in $objective$hotstart_stack after tuning.
evaluate_default (logical(1))
    If TRUE, learner is evaluated with hyperparameters set to their default values at the start of
    the optimization.
callbacks (list of CallbackTuning)
    List of callbacks.
```

Method base_learner(): Extracts the base learner from nested learner objects like GraphLearner in mlr3pipelines. If recursive = 0, the (tuned) learner is returned.

```
Usage:
 AutoTuner$base_learner(recursive = Inf)
 Arguments:
 recursive (integer(1))
     Depth of recursion for multiple nested objects.
 Returns: Learner.
Method importance(): The importance scores of the final model.
 Usage:
 AutoTuner$importance()
 Returns: Named numeric().
Method selected_features(): The selected features of the final model.
 Usage:
 AutoTuner$selected_features()
 Returns: character().
Method oob_error(): The out-of-bag error of the final model.
 Usage:
 AutoTuner$oob_error()
 Returns: numeric(1).
Method loglik(): The log-likelihood of the final model.
 Usage:
 AutoTuner$loglik()
 Returns: logLik. Printer.
Method print():
 Usage:
 AutoTuner$print()
 Arguments:
 ... (ignored).
Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.
 AutoTuner$clone(deep = FALSE)
 Arguments:
 deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

```
# Automatic Tuning
# split to train and external set
task = tsk("penguins")
split = partition(task, ratio = 0.8)
# load learner and set search space
learner = lrn("classif.rpart",
  cp = to_tune(1e-04, 1e-1, logscale = TRUE)
# create auto tuner
at = auto_tuner(
  tuner = tnr("random_search"),
 learner = learner,
  resampling = rsmp ("holdout"),
  measure = msr("classif.ce"),
  term_evals = 4)
# tune hyperparameters and fit final model
at$train(task, row_ids = split$train)
# predict with final model
at$predict(task, row_ids = split$test)
# show tuning result
at$tuning_result
# model slot contains trained learner and tuning instance
at$model
# shortcut trained learner
at$learner
# shortcut tuning instance
at$tuning_instance
# Nested Resampling
at = auto_tuner(
  tuner = tnr("random_search"),
  learner = learner,
  resampling = rsmp ("holdout"),
  measure = msr("classif.ce"),
  term_evals = 4)
resampling_outer = rsmp("cv", folds = 3)
rr = resample(task, at, resampling_outer, store_models = TRUE)
# retrieve inner tuning results.
```

auto_tuner 13

```
extract_inner_tuning_results(rr)

# performance scores estimated on the outer resampling
rr$score()

# unbiased performance of the final model trained on the full data set
rr$aggregate()
```

auto_tuner

Function for Automatic Tuning

Description

The AutoTuner wraps a mlr3::Learner and augments it with an automatic tuning process for a given set of hyperparameters. The auto_tuner() function creates an AutoTuner object.

Usage

```
auto_tuner(
  tuner,
 learner,
  resampling,
 measure = NULL,
  term_evals = NULL,
  term_time = NULL,
  terminator = NULL,
  search_space = NULL,
  store_tuning_instance = TRUE,
  store_benchmark_result = TRUE,
  store_models = FALSE,
  check_values = FALSE,
  allow_hotstart = FALSE,
  keep_hotstart_stack = FALSE,
  evaluate_default = FALSE,
  callbacks = list(),
 method
)
```

Arguments

tuner (Tuner)

Optimization algorithm.

learner (mlr3::Learner)

Learner to tune.

resampling (mlr3::Resampling)

Resampling that is used to evaluate the performance of the hyperparameter configurations. Uninstantiated resamplings are instantiated during construction so

14 auto_tuner

that all configurations are evaluated on the same data splits. Already instantiated resamplings are kept unchanged. Specialized Tuner change the resampling e.g. to evaluate a hyperparameter configuration on different data splits. This field, however, always returns the resampling passed in construction.

measure (mlr3::Measure)

Measure to optimize. If NULL, default measure is used.

term_evals (integer(1))

Number of allowed evaluations. Ignored if terminator is passed.

term_time (integer(1))

Maximum allowed time in seconds. Ignored if terminator is passed.

terminator (Terminator)

Stop criterion of the tuning process.

search_space (paradox::ParamSet)

Hyperparameter search space. If NULL (default), the search space is constructed from the TuneToken of the learner's parameter set (learner\$param_set).

store_tuning_instance

(logical(1))

If TRUE (default), stores the internally created TuningInstanceSingleCrit with all intermediate results in slot \$tuning_instance.

store_benchmark_result

(logical(1))

If TRUE (default), store resample result of evaluated hyperparameter configurations in archive as mlr3::BenchmarkResult.

store_models (logical(1))

If TRUE, fitted models are stored in the benchmark result (archive\$benchmark_result). If store_benchmark_result = FALSE, models are only stored temporarily and not accessible after the tuning. This combination is needed for measures that require a model.

check_values (logical(1))

If TRUE, hyperparameter values are checked before evaluation and performance scores after. If FALSE (default), values are unchecked but computational overhead is reduced.

allow_hotstart (logical(1))

Allow to hotstart learners with previously fitted models. See also mlr3::HotstartStack. The learner must support hotstarting. Sets store_models = TRUE.

keep_hotstart_stack

(logical(1))

If TRUE, mlr3::HotstartStack is kept in \$objective\$hotstart_stack after tuning

evaluate_default

(logical(1))

If TRUE, learner is evaluated with hyperparameters set to their default values at the start of the optimization.

callbacks (list of CallbackTuning)

List of callbacks.

auto_tuner 15

```
method (character(1))

Deprecated. Use tuner instead.
```

Details

The AutoTuner is a mlr3::Learner which wraps another mlr3::Learner and performs the following steps during \$train():

- 1. The hyperparameters of the wrapped (inner) learner are trained on the training data via resampling. The tuning can be specified by providing a Tuner, a bbotk::Terminator, a search space as paradox::ParamSet, a mlr3::Resampling and a mlr3::Measure.
- 2. The best found hyperparameter configuration is set as hyperparameters for the wrapped (inner) learner stored in at\$learner. Access the tuned hyperparameters via at\$tuning_result.
- 3. A final model is fit on the complete training data using the now parametrized wrapped learner. The respective model is available via field at\$learner\$model.

During \$predict() the AutoTuner just calls the predict method of the wrapped (inner) learner. A set timeout is disabled while fitting the final model.

Value

AutoTuner.

Default Measures

If no measure is passed, the default measure is used. The default measure depends on the task type.

Task	Default Measure	Package
"classif"	"classif.ce"	mlr3
"regr"	"regr.mse"	mlr3
"surv"	"surv.cindex"	mlr3proba
"dens"	"dens.logloss"	mlr3proba
"classif_st"	"classif.ce"	mlr3spatial
"regr_st"	"regr.mse"	mlr3spatial
"clust"	"clust.dunn"	mlr3cluster

Resources

There are several sections about hyperparameter optimization in the mlr3book.

- Automate the tuning.
- Estimate the model performance with nested resampling.

The gallery features a collection of case studies and demos about optimization.

Nested Resampling

Nested resampling is performed by passing an AutoTuner to mlr3::resample() or mlr3::benchmark(). To access the inner resampling results, set store_tuning_instance = TRUE and execute mlr3::resample()

16 CallbackTuning

or mlr3::benchmark() with store_models = TRUE (see examples). The mlr3::Resampling passed to the AutoTuner is meant to be the inner resampling, operating on the training set of an arbitrary outer resampling. For this reason, the inner resampling should be not instantiated. If an instantiated resampling is passed, the AutoTuner fails when a row id of the inner resampling is not present in the training set of the outer resampling.

Examples

```
at = auto_tuner(
   tuner = tnr("random_search"),
   learner = lrn("classif.rpart", cp = to_tune(1e-04, 1e-1, logscale = TRUE)),
   resampling = rsmp ("holdout"),
   measure = msr("classif.ce"),
   term_evals = 4)

at$train(tsk("pima"))
```

CallbackTuning

Create Tuning Callback

Description

Specialized bbotk::CallbackOptimization for tuning. Callbacks allow to customize the behavior of processes in mlr3tuning. The callback_tuning() function creates a CallbackTuning. Predefined callbacks are stored in the dictionary mlr_callbacks and can be retrieved with clbk(). For more information on tuning callbacks see callback_tuning().

Super classes

```
mlr3misc::Callback->bbotk::CallbackOptimization -> CallbackTuning
```

Public fields

```
on_eval_after_design (function())
    Stage called after design is created. Called in ObjectiveTuning$eval_many().

on_eval_after_benchmark (function())
    Stage called after hyperparameter configurations are evaluated. Called in ObjectiveTuning$eval_many().

on_eval_before_archive (function())
    Stage called before performance values are written to the archive. Called in ObjectiveTuning$eval_many().
```

Methods

Public methods:

• CallbackTuning\$clone()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

callback_tuning 17

```
CallbackTuning$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:
deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

Examples

```
# write archive to disk
callback_tuning("mlr3tuning.backup",
  on_optimization_end = function(callback, context) {
    saveRDS(context$instance$archive, "archive.rds")
  }
)
```

callback_tuning

Create Tuning Callback

Description

Function to create a CallbackTuning. Predefined callbacks are stored in the dictionary mlr_callbacks and can be retrieved with clbk().

Tuning callbacks can be called from different stages of tuning process. The stages are prefixed with on_*.

```
Start Tuning
- on_optimization_begin
Start Tuner Batch
- on_optimizer_before_eval
Start Evaluation
- on_eval_after_design
- on_eval_after_benchmark
- on_eval_before_archive
End Evaluation
- on_optimizer_after_eval
End Tuner Batch
- on_result
- on_optimization_end
End Tuning
```

See also the section on parameters for more information on the stages. A tuning callback works with bbotk::ContextOptimization and ContextEval.

Usage

```
callback_tuning(
  id,
  label = NA_character_,
  man = NA_character_,
```

18 callback_tuning

```
on_optimization_begin = NULL,
      on_optimizer_before_eval = NULL,
      on_eval_after_design = NULL,
      on_eval_after_benchmark = NULL,
      on_eval_before_archive = NULL,
      on_optimizer_after_eval = NULL,
      on_result = NULL,
      on_optimization_end = NULL
    )
Arguments
    id
                     (character(1))
                     Identifier for the new instance.
    label
                      (character(1))
                     Label for the new instance.
    man
                      (character(1))
                      String in the format [pkg]::[topic] pointing to a manual page for this object.
                     The referenced help package can be opened via method $help().
    on_optimization_begin
                      (function())
                      Stage called at the beginning of the optimization. Called in Optimizer$optimize().
                     The context available is bbotk::ContextOptimization.
    on_optimizer_before_eval
                     (function())
                      Stage called after the optimizer proposes points. Called in OptimInstance$eval_batch().
                     The context available is bbotk::ContextOptimization.
    on_eval_after_design
                      (function())
                      Stage called after design is created. Called in ObjectiveTuning$eval_many().
                     The context available is ContextEval.
    on_eval_after_benchmark
                      (function())
                     Stage called after hyperparameter configurations are evaluated. Called in ObjectiveTuning$eval_many(
                     The context available is ContextEval.
    on_eval_before_archive
                     (function())
                      Stage called before performance values are written to the archive. Called in
                     ObjectiveTuning$eval_many(). The context available is ContextEval.
    on_optimizer_after_eval
                      (function())
                      Stage called after points are evaluated. Called in OptimInstance$eval_batch().
                     The context available is bbotk::ContextOptimization.
    on_result
                     (function())
                      Stage called after result are written. Called in OptimInstance$assign_result().
                     The context available is bbotk::ContextOptimization.
```

ContextEval 19

Details

When implementing a callback, each functions must have two arguments named callback and context.

A callback can write data to the state (\$state), e.g. settings that affect the callback itself. Avoid writing large data the state. This can slow down the tuning process when the evaluation of configurations is parallelized.

Tuning callbacks access two different contexts depending on the stage. The stages on_eval_after_design, on_eval_after_benchmark, on_eval_before_archive access ContextEval. This context can be used to customize the evaluation of a batch of hyperparameter configurations. Changes to the state of callback are lost after the evaluation of a batch and changes to the tuning instance or the tuner are not possible. Persistent data should be written to the archive via \$aggregated_performance (see ContextEval). The other stages access ContextOptimization. This context can be used to modify the tuning instance, archive, tuner and final result. There are two different contexts because the evaluation can be parallelized i.e. multiple instances of ContextEval exists on different workers at the same time.

Examples

```
# write archive to disk
callback_tuning("mlr3tuning.backup",
  on_optimization_end = function(callback, context) {
    saveRDS(context$instance$archive, "archive.rds")
  }
)
```

ContextEval

Evaluation Context

Description

The ContextEval allows CallbackTunings to access and modify data while a batch of hyperparameter configurations is evaluated. See section on active bindings for a list of modifiable objects. See callback_tuning() for a list of stages which access ContextEval.

Details

This context is re-created each time a new batch of hyperparameter configurations is evaluated. Changes to <code>\$objective_tuning</code>, <code>\$design \$benchmark_result</code> are discarded after the function is finished. Modification on the data table in <code>\$aggregated_performance</code> are written to the archive. Any number of columns can be added.

20 ContextEval

Super class

```
mlr3misc::Context -> ContextEval
```

Public fields

```
objective_tuning ObjectiveTuning.
```

Active bindings

```
xss (list())
```

The hyperparameter configurations of the latest batch. Contains the values on the learner scale i.e. transformations are applied. See \$xdt in bbotk::ContextOptimization for the untransformed values.

```
design (data.table::data.table)
```

The benchmark design of the latest batch.

```
benchmark_result (mlr3::BenchmarkResult)
```

The benchmark result of the latest batch.

```
aggregated_performance (data.table::data.table)
```

Aggregated performance scores and training time of the latest batch. This data table is passed to the archive. A callback can add additional columns which are also written to the archive.

Methods

Public methods:

- ContextEval\$new()
- ContextEval\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

```
Usage:
```

```
ContextEval$new(objective_tuning)
```

Arguments:

```
objective_tuning ObjectiveTuning.
```

```
id (character(1))
```

Identifier for the new callback.

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

```
Usage:
```

```
ContextEval$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

```
extract_inner_tuning_archives

Extract Inner Tuning Archives
```

Description

Extract inner tuning archives of nested resampling. Implemented for mlr3::ResampleResult and mlr3::BenchmarkResult. The function iterates over the AutoTuner objects and binds the tuning archives to a data.table::data.table(). AutoTuner must be initialized with store_tuning_instance = TRUE and mlr3::resample() or mlr3::benchmark() must be called with store_models = TRUE.

Usage

```
extract_inner_tuning_archives(
   x,
   unnest = "x_domain",
   exclude_columns = "uhash"
)
```

Arguments

Value

```
data.table::data.table().
```

Data structure

The returned data table has the following columns:

- experiment (integer(1)) Index, giving the according row number in the original benchmark grid.
- iteration (integer(1))
 Iteration of the outer resampling.
- One column for each hyperparameter of the search spaces.
- One column for each performance measure.
- runtime_learners (numeric(1))
 Sum of training and predict times logged in learners per mlr3::ResampleResult / evaluation.
 This does not include potential overhead time.

- timestamp (POSIXct)
 Time stamp when the evaluation was logged into the archive.
- batch_nr (integer(1))
 Hyperparameters are evaluated in batches. Each batch has a unique batch number.
- x_domain (list())
 List of transformed hyperparameter values. By default this column is unnested.
- x_domain_* (any)
 Separate column for each transformed hyperparameter.
- resample_result (mlr3::ResampleResult) Resample result of the inner resampling.
- task_id(character(1)).
- learner_id (character(1)).
- resampling_id(character(1)).

Examples

```
# Nested Resampling on Palmer Penguins Data Set

learner = lrn("classif.rpart",
    cp = to_tune(1e-04, 1e-1, logscale = TRUE))

# create auto tuner
at = auto_tuner(
    tuner = tnr("random_search"),
    learner = learner,
    resampling = rsmp ("holdout"),
    measure = msr("classif.ce"),
    term_evals = 4)

resampling_outer = rsmp("cv", folds = 2)
rr = resample(tsk("iris"), at, resampling_outer, store_models = TRUE)

# extract inner archives
extract_inner_tuning_archives(rr)
```

```
extract_inner_tuning_results
```

Extract Inner Tuning Results

Description

Extract inner tuning results of nested resampling. Implemented for mlr3::ResampleResult and mlr3::BenchmarkResult.

Usage

```
extract_inner_tuning_results(x, tuning_instance, ...)
## S3 method for class 'ResampleResult'
extract_inner_tuning_results(x, tuning_instance = FALSE, ...)
## S3 method for class 'BenchmarkResult'
extract_inner_tuning_results(x, tuning_instance = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

Details

The function iterates over the AutoTuner objects and binds the tuning results to a data.table::data.table(). The AutoTuner must be initialized with store_tuning_instance = TRUE and mlr3::resample() or mlr3::benchmark() must be called with store_models = TRUE. Optionally, the tuning instance can be added for each iteration.

Value

```
data.table::data.table().
```

Data structure

The returned data table has the following columns:

- experiment (integer(1))
 Index, giving the according row number in the original benchmark grid.
- iteration (integer(1))
 Iteration of the outer resampling.
- One column for each hyperparameter of the search spaces.
- One column for each performance measure.
- learner_param_vals (list())
 Hyperparameter values used by the learner. Includes fixed and proposed hyperparameter values.
- x_domain(list())
 List of transformed hyperparameter values.
- tuning_instance (TuningInstanceSingleCrit | TuningInstanceMultiCrit) Optionally, tuning instances.
- task_id(character(1)).

24 mlr3tuning.backup

- learner_id (character(1)).
- resampling_id (character(1)).

Examples

```
# Nested Resampling on Palmer Penguins Data Set

learner = lrn("classif.rpart",
    cp = to_tune(1e-04, 1e-1, logscale = TRUE))

# create auto tuner
at = auto_tuner(
    tuner = tnr("random_search"),
    learner = learner,
    resampling = rsmp ("holdout"),
    measure = msr("classif.ce"),
    term_evals = 4)

resampling_outer = rsmp("cv", folds = 2)
rr = resample(tsk("iris"), at, resampling_outer, store_models = TRUE)

# extract_inner_tuning_results(rr)
```

mlr3tuning.backup

Backup Benchmark Result Callback

Description

This CallbackTuning writes the mlr3::BenchmarkResult after each batch to disk.

```
clbk("mlr3tuning.backup", path = "backup.rds")

# tune classification tree on the pima data set
instance = tune(
   tuner = tnr("random_search", batch_size = 2),
   task = tsk("pima"),
   learner = lrn("classif.rpart", cp = to_tune(1e-04, 1e-1, logscale = TRUE)),
   resampling = rsmp("cv", folds = 3),
   measures = msr("classif.ce"),
   term_evals = 4,
   callbacks = clbk("mlr3tuning.backup", path = tempfile(fileext = ".rds"))
)
```

```
mlr3tuning.early_stopping

Early Stopping Callback
```

Description

This CallbackTuning integrates early stopping into the hyperparameter tuning of an XGBoost learner. Early stopping estimates the optimal number of trees (nrounds) for a given hyperparameter configuration. Since early stopping is performed in each resampling iteration, there are several optimal nrounds values. The callback writes the maximum value to the archive in the max_nrounds column. In the best hyperparameter configuration (instance\$result_learner_param_vals), the value of nrounds is replaced by max_nrounds and early stopping is deactivated.

Details

Currently, the callback does not work with GraphLearners from the package mlr3pipelines. The callback is compatible with the AutoTuner. The final model is fitted with the best hyperparameter configuration and max_nrounds i.e. early stopping is not performed.

Resources

• gallery post on early stopping with XGBoost.

```
clbk("mlr3tuning.early_stopping")
if (requireNamespace("mlr3learners") && requireNamespace("xgboost") ) {
  library(mlr3learners)
  # activate early stopping on the test set and set search space
  learner = lrn("classif.xgboost",
    eta = to_tune(1e-02, 1e-1, logscale = TRUE),
    early_stopping_rounds = 5,
   nrounds = 100,
    early_stopping_set = "test")
  # tune xgboost on the pima data set
  instance = tune(
    tuner = tnr("random_search"),
    task = tsk("pima"),
    learner = learner,
    resampling = rsmp("cv", folds = 3),
    measures = msr("classif.ce"),
    term_evals = 10,
    callbacks = clbk("mlr3tuning.early_stopping")
}
```

26 mlr3tuning.measures

mlr3tuning.measures Measure Callback

Description

This CallbackTuning scores the hyperparameter configurations on additional measures while tuning. Usually, the configurations can be scored on additional measures after tuning (see ArchiveTuning). However, if the memory is not sufficient to store the mlr3::BenchmarkResult, it is necessary to score the additional measures while tuning. The measures are not taken into account by the tuner.

```
clbk("mlr3tuning.measures")
# additionally score the configurations on the accuracy measure
instance = tune(
 tuner = tnr("random_search", batch_size = 2),
 task = tsk("pima"),
 learner = lrn("classif.rpart", cp = to_tune(1e-04, 1e-1, logscale = TRUE)),
 resampling = rsmp("cv", folds = 3),
 measures = msr("classif.ce"),
 term_evals = 4,
 callbacks = clbk("mlr3tuning.measures", measures = msr("classif.acc"))
)
# score the configurations on the holdout set
task = tsk("pima")
splits = partition(task, ratio = 0.8)
task$row_roles$use = splits$train
task$row_roles$holdout = splits$test
learner = lrn("classif.rpart", cp = to_tune(1e-04, 1e-1, logscale = TRUE))
learner$predict_sets = c("test", "holdout")
instance = tune(
 tuner = tnr("random_search", batch_size = 2),
 task = task,
 learner = learner,
 resampling = rsmp("cv", folds = 3),
 measures = msr("classif.ce"),
 term_evals = 4,
 callbacks = clbk("mlr3tuning.measures", measures = msr("classif.ce",
    predict_sets = "holdout", id = "classif.ce_holdout"))
)
```

mlr_tuners 27

mlr_tuners

Dictionary of Tuners

Description

A simple mlr3misc::Dictionary storing objects of class Tuner. Each tuner has an associated help page, see mlr_tuners_[id].

This dictionary can get populated with additional tuners by add-on packages.

For a more convenient way to retrieve and construct tuner, see tnr()/tnrs().

Format

R6::R6Class object inheriting from mlr3misc::Dictionary.

Methods

See mlr3misc::Dictionary.

S3 methods

```
• as.data.table(dict, ..., objects = FALSE)
mlr3misc::Dictionary -> data.table::data.table()
Returns a data.table::data.table() with fields "key", "label", "param_classes", "properties" and "packages" as columns. If objects is set to TRUE, the constructed objects are returned in the list column named object.
```

See Also

```
Sugar functions: tnr(), tnrs()

Other Tuner: mlr_tuners_cmaes, mlr_tuners_design_points, mlr_tuners_gensa, mlr_tuners_grid_search, mlr_tuners_irace, mlr_tuners_nloptr, mlr_tuners_random_search
```

```
as.data.table(mlr_tuners)
mlr_tuners$get("random_search")
tnr("random_search")
```

28 mlr_tuners_cmaes

mlr_tuners_cmaes	Hyperparameter Tuning with Covariance Matrix Adaptation Evolution Strategy

Description

Subclass for Covariance Matrix Adaptation Evolution Strategy (CMA-ES). Calls adagio::pureCMAES() from package adagio.

Dictionary

This Tuner can be instantiated with the associated sugar function tnr():

```
tnr("cmaes")
```

Control Parameters

```
start_values character(1)
```

Create random start values or based on center of search space? In the latter case, it is the center of the parameters before a trafo is applied.

For the meaning of the control parameters, see adagio::pureCMAES(). Note that we have removed all control parameters which refer to the termination of the algorithm and where our terminators allow to obtain the same behavior.

Progress Bars

\$optimize() supports progress bars via the package **progressr** combined with a Terminator. Simply wrap the function in progressr::with_progress() to enable them. We recommend to use package **progress** as backend; enable with progressr::handlers("progress").

Logging

All Tuners use a logger (as implemented in lgr) from package bbotk. Use lgr::get_logger("bbotk") to access and control the logger.

Optimizer

This Tuner is based on bbotk::OptimizerCmaes which can be applied on any black box optimization problem. See also the documentation of bbotk.

Resources

There are several sections about hyperparameter optimization in the mlr3book.

• Learn more about tuners.

The gallery features a collection of case studies and demos about optimization.

• Use the Hyperband optimizer with different budget parameters.

mlr_tuners_cmaes 29

Super classes

```
mlr3tuning::Tuner -> mlr3tuning::TunerFromOptimizer -> TunerCmaes
```

Methods

Public methods:

- TunerCmaes\$new()
- TunerCmaes\$clone()

```
Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.
```

```
Usage:
```

TunerCmaes\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

```
Usage.
```

```
TunerCmaes$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

Source

Hansen N (2016). "The CMA Evolution Strategy: A Tutorial." 1604.00772.

See Also

```
Other Tuner: mlr_tuners, mlr_tuners_design_points, mlr_tuners_gensa, mlr_tuners_grid_search, mlr_tuners_irace, mlr_tuners_nloptr, mlr_tuners_random_search
```

```
# Hyperparameter Optimization
# load learner and set search space
learner = lrn("classif.rpart",
  cp = to_tune(1e-04, 1e-1, logscale = TRUE),
  minsplit = to_tune(p_dbl(2, 128, trafo = as.integer)),
  minbucket = to_tune(p_dbl(1, 64, trafo = as.integer))
)
# run hyperparameter tuning on the Palmer Penguins data set
instance = tune(
  tuner = tnr("cmaes"),
  task = tsk("penguins"),
  learner = learner,
  resampling = rsmp("holdout"),
  measure = msr("classif.ce"),
  term_evals = 10)
# best performing hyperparameter configuration
```

```
instance$result

# all evaluated hyperparameter configuration
as.data.table(instance$archive)

# fit final model on complete data set
learner$param_set$values = instance$result_learner_param_vals
learner$train(tsk("penguins"))
```

```
mlr_tuners_design_points
```

Hyperparameter Tuning with Design Points

Description

Subclass for tuning w.r.t. fixed design points.

We simply search over a set of points fully specified by the user. The points in the design are evaluated in order as given.

Dictionary

This Tuner can be instantiated with the associated sugar function tnr():

```
tnr("design_points")
```

Parallelization

In order to support general termination criteria and parallelization, we evaluate points in a batch-fashion of size batch_size. Larger batches mean we can parallelize more, smaller batches imply a more fine-grained checking of termination criteria. A batch contains of batch_size times resampling\$iters jobs. E.g., if you set a batch size of 10 points and do a 5-fold cross validation, you can utilize up to 50 cores.

Parallelization is supported via package **future** (see mlr3::benchmark()'s section on parallelization for more details).

Logging

All Tuners use a logger (as implemented in lgr) from package bbotk. Use lgr::get_logger("bbotk") to access and control the logger.

Optimizer

This Tuner is based on bbotk::OptimizerDesignPoints which can be applied on any black box optimization problem. See also the documentation of bbotk.

Parameters

```
batch_size integer(1)

Maximum number of configurations to try in a batch.

design data.table::data.table

Design points to try in search, one per row.
```

Resources

There are several sections about hyperparameter optimization in the mlr3book.

• Learn more about tuners.

The gallery features a collection of case studies and demos about optimization.

• Use the Hyperband optimizer with different budget parameters.

Progress Bars

<code>\$optimize()</code> supports progress bars via the package **progressr** combined with a Terminator. Simply wrap the function in progressr::with_progress() to enable them. We recommend to use package **progress** as backend; enable with progressr::handlers("progress").

Super classes

```
mlr3tuning::Tuner-> mlr3tuning::TunerFromOptimizer-> TunerDesignPoints
```

Methods

Public methods:

- TunerDesignPoints\$new()
- TunerDesignPoints\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

TunerDesignPoints\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

TunerDesignPoints\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

See Also

Package mlr3hyperband for hyperband tuning.

```
Other Tuner: mlr_tuners, mlr_tuners_cmaes, mlr_tuners_gensa, mlr_tuners_grid_search, mlr_tuners_irace, mlr_tuners_nloptr, mlr_tuners_random_search
```

32 mlr_tuners_gensa

Examples

```
# Hyperparameter Optimization
# load learner and set search space
learner = lrn("classif.rpart",
  cp = to_tune(1e-04, 1e-1),
  minsplit = to_tune(2, 128),
  minbucket = to_tune(1, 64)
)
# create design
design = mlr3misc::rowwise_table(
  ~cp, ~minsplit, ~minbucket,
                    64,
  0.1, 2,
  0.01, 64,
                    32.
  0.001, 128,
                    1
# run hyperparameter tuning on the Palmer Penguins data set
instance = tune(
  tuner = tnr("design_points", design = design),
  task = tsk("penguins"),
  learner = learner,
  resampling = rsmp("holdout"),
  measure = msr("classif.ce")
)
# best performing hyperparameter configuration
instance$result
# all evaluated hyperparameter configuration
as.data.table(instance$archive)
# fit final model on complete data set
learner$param_set$values = instance$result_learner_param_vals
learner$train(tsk("penguins"))
```

mlr_tuners_gensa

Hyperparameter Tuning with Generalized Simulated Annealing

Description

Subclass for generalized simulated annealing tuning. Calls GenSA::GenSA() from package GenSA.

Details

In contrast to the GenSA::GenSA() defaults, we set smooth = FALSE as a default.

mlr_tuners_gensa 33

Dictionary

```
This Tuner can be instantiated with the associated sugar function tnr(): tnr("gensa")
```

Parallelization

In order to support general termination criteria and parallelization, we evaluate points in a batch-fashion of size batch_size. Larger batches mean we can parallelize more, smaller batches imply a more fine-grained checking of termination criteria. A batch contains of batch_size times resampling\$iters jobs. E.g., if you set a batch size of 10 points and do a 5-fold cross validation, you can utilize up to 50 cores.

Parallelization is supported via package **future** (see mlr3::benchmark()'s section on parallelization for more details).

Logging

All Tuners use a logger (as implemented in lgr) from package bbotk. Use lgr::get_logger("bbotk") to access and control the logger.

Optimizer

This Tuner is based on bbotk::OptimizerGenSA which can be applied on any black box optimization problem. See also the documentation of bbotk.

Parameters

```
smooth logical(1)
temperature numeric(1)
acceptance.param numeric(1)
verbose logical(1)
trace.mat logical(1)
```

For the meaning of the control parameters, see GenSA::GenSA(). Note that we have removed all control parameters which refer to the termination of the algorithm and where our terminators allow to obtain the same behavior.

In contrast to the GenSA::GenSA() defaults, we set trace.mat = FALSE. Note that GenSA::GenSA() uses smooth = TRUE as a default. In the case of using this optimizer for Hyperparameter Optimization you may want to set smooth = FALSE.

Resources

There are several sections about hyperparameter optimization in the mlr3book.

• Learn more about tuners.

The gallery features a collection of case studies and demos about optimization.

• Use the Hyperband optimizer with different budget parameters.

34 mlr_tuners_gensa

Progress Bars

<code>\$optimize()</code> supports progress bars via the package **progressr** combined with a Terminator. Simply wrap the function in progressr::with_progress() to enable them. We recommend to use package **progress** as backend; enable with progressr::handlers("progress").

Super classes

```
mlr3tuning::Tuner-> mlr3tuning::TunerFromOptimizer-> TunerGenSA
```

Methods

Public methods:

- TunerGenSA\$new()
- TunerGenSA\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

```
Usage:
```

TunerGenSA\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

```
Usage:
```

```
TunerGenSA$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

Source

Tsallis C, Stariolo DA (1996). "Generalized simulated annealing." *Physica A: Statistical Mechanics and its Applications*, **233**(1-2), 395–406. doi:10.1016/s03784371(96)002713.

Xiang Y, Gubian S, Suomela B, Hoeng J (2013). "Generalized Simulated Annealing for Global Optimization: The GenSA Package." *The R Journal*, **5**(1), 13. doi:10.32614/rj2013002.

See Also

```
Other\ Tuner:\ mlr\_tuners\_mlr\_tuners\_cmaes,\ mlr\_tuners\_design\_points,\ mlr\_tuners\_grid\_search,\ mlr\_tuners\_nloptr,\ mlr\_tuners\_random\_search
```

```
# Hyperparameter Optimization

# load learner and set search space
learner = lrn("classif.rpart",
   cp = to_tune(1e-04, 1e-1, logscale = TRUE)
)

# run hyperparameter tuning on the Palmer Penguins data set
instance = tune(
```

mlr_tuners_grid_search

```
tuner = tnr("gensa"),
  task = tsk("penguins"),
  learner = learner,
  resampling = rsmp("holdout"),
  measure = msr("classif.ce"),
  term_evals = 10
)

# best performing hyperparameter configuration
instance$result

# all evaluated hyperparameter configuration
as.data.table(instance$archive)

# fit final model on complete data set
learner$param_set$values = instance$result_learner_param_vals
learner$train(tsk("penguins"))
```

mlr_tuners_grid_search

Hyperparameter Tuning with Grid Search

Description

Subclass for grid search tuning.

Details

The grid is constructed as a Cartesian product over discretized values per parameter, see paradox::generate_design_grid(If the learner supports hotstarting, the grid is sorted by the hotstart parameter (see also mlr3::HotstartStack).

If not, the points of the grid are evaluated in a random order.

Dictionary

This Tuner can be instantiated with the associated sugar function tnr():

```
tnr("grid_search")
```

Control Parameters

```
resolution integer(1)
Resolution of the grid, see paradox::generate_design_grid().

param_resolutions named integer()
Resolution per parameter, named by parameter ID, see paradox::generate_design_grid().

batch_size integer(1)
Maximum number of points to try in a batch.
```

Progress Bars

<code>\$optimize()</code> supports progress bars via the package **progressr** combined with a Terminator. Simply wrap the function in progressr::with_progress() to enable them. We recommend to use package **progress** as backend; enable with progressr::handlers("progress").

Parallelization

In order to support general termination criteria and parallelization, we evaluate points in a batch-fashion of size batch_size. Larger batches mean we can parallelize more, smaller batches imply a more fine-grained checking of termination criteria. A batch contains of batch_size times resampling\$iters jobs. E.g., if you set a batch size of 10 points and do a 5-fold cross validation, you can utilize up to 50 cores.

Parallelization is supported via package **future** (see mlr3::benchmark()'s section on parallelization for more details).

Logging

All Tuners use a logger (as implemented in **lgr**) from package **bbotk**. Use lgr::get_logger("bbotk") to access and control the logger.

Optimizer

This Tuner is based on bbotk::OptimizerGridSearch which can be applied on any black box optimization problem. See also the documentation of bbotk.

Resources

There are several sections about hyperparameter optimization in the mlr3book.

• Learn more about tuners.

The gallery features a collection of case studies and demos about optimization.

• Use the Hyperband optimizer with different budget parameters.

Super class

```
mlr3tuning::Tuner -> TunerGridSearch
```

Methods

Public methods:

- TunerGridSearch\$new()
- TunerGridSearch\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

TunerGridSearch\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

mlr_tuners_irace 37

```
Usage:
TunerGridSearch$clone(deep = FALSE)
Arguments:
deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

See Also

Other Tuner: mlr_tuners, mlr_tuners_cmaes, mlr_tuners_design_points, mlr_tuners_gensa, mlr_tuners_irace, mlr_tuners_nloptr, mlr_tuners_random_search

Examples

```
# Hyperparameter Optimization
# load learner and set search space
learner = lrn("classif.rpart",
  cp = to_tune(1e-04, 1e-1, logscale = TRUE)
# run hyperparameter tuning on the Palmer Penguins data set
instance = tune(
  tuner = tnr("grid_search"),
  task = tsk("penguins"),
  learner = learner,
  resampling = rsmp("holdout"),
  measure = msr("classif.ce"),
  term_evals = 10
)
# best performing hyperparameter configuration
instance$result
# all evaluated hyperparameter configuration
as.data.table(instance$archive)
# fit final model on complete data set
learner$param_set$values = instance$result_learner_param_vals
learner$train(tsk("penguins"))
```

mlr_tuners_irace

Hyperparameter Tuning with Iterated Racing.

Description

Subclass for iterated racing. Calls irace::irace() from package irace.

Dictionary

```
This Tuner can be instantiated with the associated sugar function tnr(): tnr("irace")
```

38 mlr_tuners_irace

Control Parameters

```
n_instances integer(1)

Number of resampling instances.
```

For the meaning of all other parameters, see irace::defaultScenario(). Note that we have removed all control parameters which refer to the termination of the algorithm. Use TerminatorEvals instead. Other terminators do not work with TunerIrace.

Archive

The ArchiveTuning holds the following additional columns:

- "race" (integer(1))
 Race iteration.
- "step" (integer(1)) Step number of race.
- "instance" (integer (1))
 Identifies resampling instances across races and steps.
- "configuration" (integer(1))
 Identifies configurations across races and steps.

Result

The tuning result (instance\$result) is the best performing elite of the final race. The reported performance is the average performance estimated on all used instances.

Progress Bars

<code>\$optimize()</code> supports progress bars via the package **progressr** combined with a Terminator. Simply wrap the function in progressr::with_progress() to enable them. We recommend to use package **progress** as backend; enable with progressr::handlers("progress").

Logging

All Tuners use a logger (as implemented in lgr) from package bbotk. Use lgr::get_logger("bbotk") to access and control the logger.

Optimizer

This Tuner is based on bbotk::OptimizerIrace which can be applied on any black box optimization problem. See also the documentation of bbotk.

Resources

There are several sections about hyperparameter optimization in the mlr3book.

• Learn more about tuners.

The gallery features a collection of case studies and demos about optimization.

• Use the Hyperband optimizer with different budget parameters.

mlr_tuners_irace 39

Super classes

```
mlr3tuning::Tuner->mlr3tuning::TunerFromOptimizer->TunerIrace
```

Methods

Public methods:

- TunerIrace\$new()
- TunerIrace\$optimize()
- TunerIrace\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

TunerIrace\$new()

Method optimize(): Performs the tuning on a TuningInstanceSingleCrit until termination. The single evaluations and the final results will be written into the ArchiveTuning that resides in the TuningInstanceSingleCrit. The final result is returned.

```
Usage:
TunerIrace$optimize(inst)
Arguments:
inst (TuningInstanceSingleCrit).
Returns: data.table::data.table.
```

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

TunerIrace\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

Source

Lopez-Ibanez M, Dubois-Lacoste J, Caceres LP, Birattari M, Stuetzle T (2016). "The irace package: Iterated racing for automatic algorithm configuration." *Operations Research Perspectives*, **3**, 43–58. doi:10.1016/j.orp.2016.09.002.

See Also

```
Other Tuner: mlr_tuners, mlr_tuners_cmaes, mlr_tuners_design_points, mlr_tuners_gensa, mlr_tuners_grid_search, mlr_tuners_nloptr, mlr_tuners_random_search
```

40 mlr_tuners_nloptr

Examples

```
# retrieve task
task = tsk("pima")
# load learner and set search space
learner = lrn("classif.rpart", cp = to_tune(1e-04, 1e-1, logscale = TRUE))
# hyperparameter tuning on the pima indians diabetes data set
instance = tune(
 tuner = tnr("irace"),
 task = task,
 learner = learner,
 resampling = rsmp("holdout"),
 measure = msr("classif.ce"),
 term_evals = 42
)
# best performing hyperparameter configuration
instance$result
# all evaluated hyperparameter configuration
as.data.table(instance$archive)
# fit final model on complete data set
learner$param_set$values = instance$result_learner_param_vals
learner$train(task)
```

mlr_tuners_nloptr

Hyperparameter Tuning with Non-linear Optimization

Description

Subclass for non-linear optimization (NLopt). Calls nloptr::nloptr from package nloptr.

Details

The termination conditions stopval, maxtime and maxeval of nloptr::nloptr() are deactivated and replaced by the bbotk::Terminator subclasses. The x and function value tolerance termination conditions (xtol_rel = 10^-4 , xtol_abs = rep(0.0, length(x0)), ftol_rel = 0.0 and ftol_abs = 0.0) are still available and implemented with their package defaults. To deactivate these conditions, set them to -1.

Dictionary

This Tuner can be instantiated with the associated sugar function tnr():

```
tnr("nloptr")
```

mlr_tuners_nloptr 41

Logging

All Tuners use a logger (as implemented in lgr) from package bbotk. Use lgr::get_logger("bbotk") to access and control the logger.

Optimizer

This Tuner is based on bbotk::OptimizerNLoptr which can be applied on any black box optimization problem. See also the documentation of bbotk.

Parameters

```
algorithm character(1)
eval_g_ineq function()
xtol_rel numeric(1)
xtol_abs numeric(1)
ftol_rel numeric(1)
ftol_abs numeric(1)
start_values character(1)
```

Create random start values or based on center of search space? In the latter case, it is the center of the parameters before a trafo is applied.

For the meaning of the control parameters, see nloptr::nloptr() and nloptr::nloptr.print.options().

The termination conditions stopval, maxtime and maxeval of nloptr::nloptr() are deactivated and replaced by the Terminator subclasses. The x and function value tolerance termination conditions (xtol_rel = 10^-4 , xtol_abs = rep(0.0, length(x0)), ftol_rel = 0.0 and ftol_abs = 0.0) are still available and implemented with their package defaults. To deactivate these conditions, set them to -1.

Resources

There are several sections about hyperparameter optimization in the mlr3book.

• Learn more about tuners.

The gallery features a collection of case studies and demos about optimization.

• Use the Hyperband optimizer with different budget parameters.

Progress Bars

<code>\$optimize()</code> supports progress bars via the package **progressr** combined with a Terminator. Simply wrap the function in progressr::with_progress() to enable them. We recommend to use package **progress** as backend; enable with progressr::handlers("progress").

Super classes

```
mlr3tuning::Tuner-> mlr3tuning::TunerFromOptimizer-> TunerNLoptr
```

42 mlr_tuners_nloptr

Methods

Public methods:

```
• TunerNLoptr$new()
```

```
• TunerNLoptr$clone()
```

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

```
Usage:
```

```
TunerNLoptr$new()
```

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

```
Usage:
```

```
TunerNLoptr$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

Source

```
Johnson, GS (2020). "The NLopt nonlinear-optimization package." https://github.com/stevengj/nlopt.
```

See Also

```
Other Tuner: mlr_tuners, mlr_tuners_cmaes, mlr_tuners_design_points, mlr_tuners_gensa, mlr_tuners_grid_search, mlr_tuners_irace, mlr_tuners_random_search
```

Examples

```
# Hyperparameter Optimization
# load learner and set search space
learner = lrn("classif.rpart",
 cp = to_tune(1e-04, 1e-1, logscale = TRUE)
# run hyperparameter tuning on the Palmer Penguins data set
instance = tune(
 tuner = tnr("nloptr", algorithm = "NLOPT_LN_BOBYQA"),
 task = tsk("penguins"),
 learner = learner,
 resampling = rsmp("holdout"),
 measure = msr("classif.ce")
)
# best performing hyperparameter configuration
instance$result
# all evaluated hyperparameter configuration
as.data.table(instance$archive)
```

```
# fit final model on complete data set
learner$param_set$values = instance$result_learner_param_vals
learner$train(tsk("penguins"))
```

```
mlr_tuners_random_search
```

Hyperparameter Tuning with Random Search

Description

Subclass for random search tuning.

Details

The random points are sampled by paradox::generate_design_random().

Dictionary

This Tuner can be instantiated with the associated sugar function tnr():

```
tnr("random_search")
```

Parallelization

In order to support general termination criteria and parallelization, we evaluate points in a batch-fashion of size batch_size. Larger batches mean we can parallelize more, smaller batches imply a more fine-grained checking of termination criteria. A batch contains of batch_size times resampling\$iters jobs. E.g., if you set a batch size of 10 points and do a 5-fold cross validation, you can utilize up to 50 cores.

Parallelization is supported via package **future** (see mlr3::benchmark()'s section on parallelization for more details).

Logging

All Tuners use a logger (as implemented in lgr) from package bbotk. Use lgr::get_logger("bbotk") to access and control the logger.

Optimizer

This Tuner is based on bbotk::OptimizerRandomSearch which can be applied on any black box optimization problem. See also the documentation of bbotk.

Parameters

```
batch_size integer(1)
```

Maximum number of points to try in a batch.

Resources

There are several sections about hyperparameter optimization in the mlr3book.

• Learn more about tuners.

The gallery features a collection of case studies and demos about optimization.

• Use the Hyperband optimizer with different budget parameters.

Progress Bars

<code>\$optimize()</code> supports progress bars via the package **progressr** combined with a Terminator. Simply wrap the function in progressr::with_progress() to enable them. We recommend to use package **progress** as backend; enable with progressr::handlers("progress").

Super classes

```
mlr3tuning::Tuner-> mlr3tuning::TunerFromOptimizer-> TunerRandomSearch
```

Methods

Public methods:

- TunerRandomSearch\$new()
- TunerRandomSearch\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

TunerRandomSearch\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

TunerRandomSearch\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

Source

Bergstra J, Bengio Y (2012). "Random Search for Hyper-Parameter Optimization." *Journal of Machine Learning Research*, **13**(10), 281–305. https://jmlr.csail.mit.edu/papers/v13/bergstra12a.html.

See Also

Package mlr3hyperband for hyperband tuning.

```
Other Tuner: mlr_tuners, mlr_tuners_cmaes, mlr_tuners_design_points, mlr_tuners_gensa, mlr_tuners_grid_search, mlr_tuners_irace, mlr_tuners_nloptr
```

ObjectiveTuning 45

Examples

```
# Hyperparameter Optimization
# load learner and set search space
learner = lrn("classif.rpart",
  cp = to_tune(1e-04, 1e-1, logscale = TRUE)
# run hyperparameter tuning on the Palmer Penguins data set
instance = tune(
  tuner = tnr("random_search"),
  task = tsk("penguins"),
  learner = learner,
  resampling = rsmp("holdout"),
  measure = msr("classif.ce"),
  term_evals = 10
# best performing hyperparameter configuration
instance$result
# all evaluated hyperparameter configuration
as.data.table(instance$archive)
# fit final model on complete data set
learner$param_set$values = instance$result_learner_param_vals
learner$train(tsk("penguins"))
```

ObjectiveTuning

Class for Tuning Objective

Description

Stores the objective function that estimates the performance of hyperparameter configurations. This class is usually constructed internally by the TuningInstanceSingleCrit or TuningInstanceMultiCrit.

Super class

```
bbotk::Objective -> ObjectiveTuning
```

Public fields

```
task (mlr3::Task).
learner (mlr3::Learner).
default_values (named list). Default hyperparameter values of the learner.
resampling (mlr3::Resampling).
measures (list of mlr3::Measure).
```

46 ObjectiveTuning

```
store_models (logical(1)).
store_benchmark_result (logical(1)).
archive (ArchiveTuning).
hotstart_stack (mlr3::HotstartStack).
allow_hotstart (logical(1)).
keep_hotstart_stack (logical(1)).
callbacks (List of CallbackTunings).
```

Methods

Public methods:

- ObjectiveTuning\$new()
- ObjectiveTuning\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

```
Usage:
ObjectiveTuning$new(
  task,
  learner,
  resampling,
  measures,
  store_benchmark_result = TRUE,
  store_models = FALSE,
  check_values = TRUE,
  allow_hotstart = FALSE,
  keep_hotstart_stack = FALSE,
  archive = NULL,
  callbacks = list()
)
Arguments:
task (mlr3::Task)
   Task to operate on.
learner (mlr3::Learner)
   Learner to tune.
resampling (mlr3::Resampling)
```

Resampling that is used to evaluate the performance of the hyperparameter configurations. Uninstantiated resamplings are instantiated during construction so that all configurations are evaluated on the same data splits. Already instantiated resamplings are kept unchanged. Specialized Tuner change the resampling e.g. to evaluate a hyperparameter configuration on different data splits. This field, however, always returns the resampling passed in construction.

```
measures (list of mlr3::Measure)
Measures to optimize.
store_benchmark_result (logical(1))
```

If TRUE (default), store resample result of evaluated hyperparameter configurations in archive as mlr3::BenchmarkResult.

ti 47

```
store_models (logical(1))
     If TRUE, fitted models are stored in the benchmark result (archive$benchmark_result). If
     store_benchmark_result = FALSE, models are only stored temporarily and not accessible
     after the tuning. This combination is needed for measures that require a model.
 check_values (logical(1))
     If TRUE, hyperparameter values are checked before evaluation and performance scores after.
     If FALSE (default), values are unchecked but computational overhead is reduced.
 allow_hotstart (logical(1))
     Allow to hotstart learners with previously fitted models. See also mlr3::HotstartStack. The
     learner must support hotstarting. Sets store_models = TRUE.
 keep_hotstart_stack (logical(1))
     If TRUE, mlr3::HotstartStack is kept in $objective$hotstart_stack after tuning.
 archive (ArchiveTuning)
     Reference to archive of TuningInstanceSingleCrit | TuningInstanceMultiCrit. If NULL (de-
     fault), benchmark result and models cannot be stored.
 callbacks (list of CallbackTuning)
     List of callbacks.
Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.
 ObjectiveTuning$clone(deep = FALSE)
 Arguments:
 deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

Syntactic Sugar for Tuning Instance Construction

ti

Description

Function to construct a TuningInstanceSingleCrit or TuningInstanceMultiCrit.

Usage

```
ti(
   task,
   learner,
   resampling,
   measures = NULL,
   terminator,
   search_space = NULL,
   store_benchmark_result = TRUE,
   store_models = FALSE,
   check_values = FALSE,
   allow_hotstart = FALSE,
   keep_hotstart_stack = FALSE,
   evaluate_default = FALSE,
   callbacks = list()
)
```

48 ti

Arguments

task (mlr3::Task)

Task to operate on.

learner (mlr3::Learner)

Learner to tune.

resampling (mlr3::Resampling)

Resampling that is used to evaluate the performance of the hyperparameter configurations. Uninstantiated resamplings are instantiated during construction so that all configurations are evaluated on the same data splits. Already instantiated resamplings are kept unchanged. Specialized Tuner change the resampling e.g. to evaluate a hyperparameter configuration on different data splits. This field,

however, always returns the resampling passed in construction.

measures (mlr3::Measure or list of mlr3::Measure)

A single measure creates a TuningInstanceSingleCrit and multiple measures a

TuningInstanceMultiCrit. If NULL, default measure is used.

terminator (Terminator)

Stop criterion of the tuning process.

search_space (paradox::ParamSet)

 $Hyperparameter\ search\ space.\ If\ {\tt NULL}\ (default),\ the\ search\ space\ is\ constructed$

from the TuneToken of the learner's parameter set (learner\$param_set).

store_benchmark_result

(logical(1))

If TRUE (default), store resample result of evaluated hyperparameter configura-

tions in archive as mlr3::BenchmarkResult.

store_models (logical(1))

If TRUE, fitted models are stored in the benchmark result (archive\$benchmark_result).

If store_benchmark_result = FALSE, models are only stored temporarily and not accessible after the tuning. This combination is needed for measures that

require a model.

check_values (logical(1))

If TRUE, hyperparameter values are checked before evaluation and performance $\,$

scores after. If FALSE (default), values are unchecked but computational over-

head is reduced.

allow_hotstart (logical(1))

Allow to hotstart learners with previously fitted models. See also mlr3::HotstartStack.

The learner must support hotstarting. Sets store_models = TRUE.

keep_hotstart_stack

(logical(1))

If TRUE, mlr3::HotstartStack is kept in $objective$hotstart_stack$ after tun-

ing.

evaluate_default

(logical(1))

If TRUE, learner is evaluated with hyperparameters set to their default values at

the start of the optimization.

callbacks (list of CallbackTuning)

List of callbacks.

ti 49

Resources

There are several sections about hyperparameter optimization in the mlr3book.

- Getting started with hyperparameter optimization.
- Tune a simple classification tree on the Sonar data set.
- Learn about tuning spaces.

The gallery features a collection of case studies and demos about optimization.

- Learn more advanced methods with the practical tuning series.
- Simultaneously optimize hyperparameters and use early stopping with XGBoost.
- Make us of proven search space.
- Learn about hotstarting models.
- Run the default hyperparameter configuration of learners as a baseline.

Default Measures

If no measure is passed, the default measure is used. The default measure depends on the task type.

Task	Default Measure	Package
"classif"	"classif.ce"	mlr3
"regr"	"regr.mse"	mlr3
"surv"	"surv.cindex"	mlr3proba
"dens"	"dens.logloss"	mlr3proba
"classif_st"	"classif.ce"	mlr3spatial
"regr_st"	"regr.mse"	mlr3spatial
"clust"	"clust.dunn"	mlr3cluster

Examples

```
# Hyperparameter optimization on the Palmer Penguins data set
task = tsk("penguins")

# Load learner and set search space
learner = lrn("classif.rpart",
    cp = to_tune(1e-04, 1e-1, logscale = TRUE)
)

# Construct tuning instance
instance = ti(
    task = task,
    learner = learner,
    resampling = rsmp("cv", folds = 3),
    measures = msr("classif.ce"),
    terminator = trm("evals", n_evals = 4)
)

# Choose optimization algorithm
```

50 tnr

```
tuner = tnr("random_search", batch_size = 2)

# Run tuning
tuner$optimize(instance)

# Set optimal hyperparameter configuration to learner
learner$param_set$values = instance$result_learner_param_vals

# Train the learner on the full data set
learner$train(task)

# Inspect all evaluated configurations
as.data.table(instance$archive)
```

tnr

Syntactic Sugar for Tuning Objects Construction

Description

Functions to retrieve objects, set parameters and assign to fields in one go. Relies on mlr3misc::dictionary_sugar_get() to extract objects from the respective mlr3misc::Dictionary:

- tnr() for a Tuner from mlr_tuners.
- tnrs() for a list of Tuners from mlr_tuners.
- trm() for a Terminator from mlr_terminators.
- trms() for a list of Terminators from mlr terminators.

Usage

```
tnr(.key, ...)
tnrs(.keys, ...)
```

Arguments

```
.key (character(1))
Key passed to the respective dictionary to retrieve the object.
... (named list())
Named arguments passed to the constructor, to be set as parameters in the paradox::ParamSet, or to be set as public field. See mlr3misc::dictionary_sugar_get() for more details.
.keys (character())
Keys passed to the respective dictionary to retrieve multiple objects.
```

Value

R6::R6Class object of the respective type, or a list of R6::R6Class objects for the plural versions.

tune 51

Examples

```
# random search tuner with batch size of 5
tnr("random_search", batch_size = 5)
# run time terminator with 20 seconds
trm("run_time", secs = 20)
```

tune

Function for Tuning a Learner

Description

Function to tune a mlr3::Learner. The function internally creates a TuningInstanceSingleCrit or TuningInstanceMultiCrit which describe the tuning problem. It executes the tuning with the Tuner (tuner) and returns the result with the tuning instance (\$result). The ArchiveTuning (\$archive) stores all evaluated hyperparameter configurations and performance scores.

Usage

```
tune(
  tuner,
  task,
 learner,
  resampling,
 measures = NULL,
  term_evals = NULL,
  term_time = NULL,
  terminator = NULL,
  search_space = NULL,
  store_benchmark_result = TRUE,
  store_models = FALSE,
  check_values = FALSE,
  allow_hotstart = FALSE,
  keep_hotstart_stack = FALSE,
  evaluate_default = FALSE,
  callbacks = list(),
 method
)
```

Arguments

tuner
(Tuner)
Optimization algorithm.

task
(mlr3::Task)
Task to operate on.

learner
(mlr3::Learner)
Learner to tune.

52 tune

resampling (mlr3::Resampling)

> Resampling that is used to evaluate the performance of the hyperparameter configurations. Uninstantiated resamplings are instantiated during construction so that all configurations are evaluated on the same data splits. Already instantiated resamplings are kept unchanged. Specialized Tuner change the resampling e.g. to evaluate a hyperparameter configuration on different data splits. This field, however, always returns the resampling passed in construction.

measures (mlr3::Measure or list of mlr3::Measure)

A single measure creates a TuningInstanceSingleCrit and multiple measures a

TuningInstanceMultiCrit. If NULL, default measure is used.

term evals (integer(1))

Number of allowed evaluations. Ignored if terminator is passed.

term_time (integer(1))

Maximum allowed time in seconds. Ignored if terminator is passed.

terminator (Terminator)

Stop criterion of the tuning process.

search_space (paradox::ParamSet)

> Hyperparameter search space. If NULL (default), the search space is constructed from the TuneToken of the learner's parameter set (learner\$param_set).

store_benchmark_result

(logical(1))

If TRUE (default), store resample result of evaluated hyperparameter configurations in archive as mlr3::BenchmarkResult.

store_models (logical(1))

> If TRUE, fitted models are stored in the benchmark result (archive\$benchmark_result). If store_benchmark_result = FALSE, models are only stored temporarily and

not accessible after the tuning. This combination is needed for measures that

require a model.

check_values (logical(1))

> If TRUE, hyperparameter values are checked before evaluation and performance scores after. If FALSE (default), values are unchecked but computational over-

head is reduced.

allow_hotstart (logical(1))

Allow to hotstart learners with previously fitted models. See also mlr3::HotstartStack. The learner must support hotstarting. Sets store_models = TRUE.

keep_hotstart_stack

(logical(1))

If TRUE, mlr3::HotstartStack is kept in \$objective\$hotstart_stack after tun-

evaluate_default

(logical(1))

If TRUE, learner is evaluated with hyperparameters set to their default values at

the start of the optimization.

callbacks (list of CallbackTuning)

List of callbacks.

tune 53

```
method (character(1))

Deprecated. Use tuner instead.
```

Details

The mlr3::Task, mlr3::Learner, mlr3::Resampling, mlr3::Measure and Terminator are used to construct a TuningInstanceSingleCrit. If multiple performance Measures are supplied, a TuningInstanceMultiCrit is created. The parameter term_evals and term_time are shortcuts to create a Terminator. If both parameters are passed, a TerminatorCombo is constructed. For other Terminators, pass one with terminator. If no termination criterion is needed, set term_evals, term_time and terminator to NULL. The search space is created from paradox::TuneToken or is supplied by search_space.

Value

TuningInstanceSingleCrit | TuningInstanceMultiCrit

Resources

There are several sections about hyperparameter optimization in the mlr3book.

- Simplify tuning with the tune() function.
- Learn about tuning spaces.

The gallery features a collection of case studies and demos about optimization.

- Optimize an rpart classification tree with only a few lines of code.
- Tune an XGBoost model with early stopping.
- Make us of proven search space.
- Learn about hotstarting models.

Default Measures

If no measure is passed, the default measure is used. The default measure depends on the task type.

Task	Default Measure	Package
"classif"	"classif.ce"	mlr3
"regr"	"regr.mse"	mlr3
"surv"	"surv.cindex"	mlr3proba
"dens"	"dens.logloss"	mlr3proba
"classif_st"	"classif.ce"	mlr3spatial
"regr_st"	"regr.mse"	mlr3spatial
"clust"	"clust.dunn"	mlr3cluster

Analysis

For analyzing the tuning results, it is recommended to pass the ArchiveTuning to as.data.table(). The returned data table is joined with the benchmark result which adds the mlr3::ResampleResult

54 Tuner

for each hyperparameter evaluation.

The archive provides various getters (e.g. \$learners()) to ease the access. All getters extract by position (i) or unique hash (uhash). For a complete list of all getters see the methods section.

The benchmark result (\$benchmark_result) allows to score the hyperparameter configurations again on a different measure. Alternatively, measures can be supplied to as.data.table().

The mlr3viz package provides visualizations for tuning results.

Examples

```
# Hyperparameter optimization on the Palmer Penguins data set
task = tsk("pima")
# Load learner and set search space
learner = lrn("classif.rpart",
  cp = to_tune(1e-04, 1e-1, logscale = TRUE)
# Run tuning
instance = tune(
  tuner = tnr("random_search", batch_size = 2),
  task = tsk("pima"),
  learner = learner,
  resampling = rsmp ("holdout"),
  measures = msr("classif.ce"),
  terminator = trm("evals", n_evals = 4)
)
# Set optimal hyperparameter configuration to learner
learner$param_set$values = instance$result_learner_param_vals
# Train the learner on the full data set
learner$train(task)
# Inspect all evaluated configurations
as.data.table(instance$archive)
```

Tuner

Class for Tuning Algorithms

Description

The Tuner implements the optimization algorithm.

Details

Tuner is a abstract base class that implements the base functionality each tuner must provide. A subclass is implemented in the following way:

• Inherit from Tuner.

Tuner 55

- Specify the private abstract method \$.optimize() and use it to call into your optimizer.
- You need to call instance\$eval_batch() to evaluate design points.
- The batch evaluation is requested at the TuningInstanceSingleCrit/TuningInstanceMultiCrit object instance, so each batch is possibly executed in parallel via mlr3::benchmark(), and all evaluations are stored inside of instance\$archive.
- Before the batch evaluation, the bbotk::Terminator is checked, and if it is positive, an exception of class "terminated_error" is generated. In the later case the current batch of evaluations is still stored in instance, but the numeric scores are not sent back to the handling optimizer as it has lost execution control.
- After such an exception was caught we select the best configuration from instance\$archive and return it.
- Note that therefore more points than specified by the bbotk::Terminator may be evaluated, as the Terminator is only checked before a batch evaluation, and not in-between evaluation in a batch. How many more depends on the setting of the batch size.
- Overwrite the private super-method .assign_result() if you want to decide yourself how to estimate the final configuration in the instance and its estimated performance. The default behavior is: We pick the best resample-experiment, regarding the given measure, then assign its configuration and aggregated performance to the instance.

Private Methods

- .optimize(instance) -> NULL Abstract base method. Implement to specify tuning of your subclass. See details sections.
- .assign_result(instance) -> NULL
 Abstract base method. Implement to specify how the final configuration is selected. See details sections.

Resources

There are several sections about hyperparameter optimization in the mlr3book.

• Learn more about tuners.

The gallery features a collection of case studies and demos about optimization.

• Use the Hyperband optimizer with different budget parameters.

Extension Packages

Additional tuners are provided by the following packages.

- mlr3hyperband adds the Hyperband and Successive Halving algorithm.
- mlr3mbo adds Bayesian optimization methods.

Public fields

```
id (character(1))

Identifier of the object. Used in tables, plot and text output.
```

56 Tuner

Active bindings

```
param_set (paradox::ParamSet)
         Set of control parameters.
    param_classes (character())
         Supported parameter classes for learner hyperparameters that the tuner can optimize, as given
         in the paradox::ParamSet $class field.
    properties (character())
         Set of properties of the tuner. Must be a subset of mlr_reflections$tuner_properties.
    packages (character())
         Set of required packages. Note that these packages will be loaded via requireNamespace(),
         and are not attached.
    label (character(1))
         Label for this object. Can be used in tables, plot and text output instead of the ID.
    man (character(1))
         String in the format [pkg]::[topic] pointing to a manual page for this object. The refer-
         enced help package can be opened via method $help().
Methods
     Public methods:
```

- Tuner\$new()
- Tuner\$format()
- Tuner\$print()
- Tuner\$help()
- Tuner\$optimize()
- Tuner\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

```
Usage:
Tuner$new(
  id = "tuner",
  param_set,
  param_classes,
  properties,
  packages = character(),
  label = NA_character_,
  man = NA_character_
Arguments:
id (character(1))
   Identifier for the new instance.
param_set (paradox::ParamSet)
   Set of control parameters.
```

```
param_classes (character())
     Supported parameter classes for learner hyperparameters that the tuner can optimize, as
     given in the paradox::ParamSet $class field.
 properties (character())
     Set of properties of the tuner. Must be a subset of mlr_reflections$tuner_properties.
 packages (character())
     Set of required packages. Note that these packages will be loaded via requireNamespace(),
     and are not attached.
 label (character(1))
     Label for this object. Can be used in tables, plot and text output instead of the ID.
 man (character(1))
     String in the format [pkg]::[topic] pointing to a manual page for this object. The refer-
     enced help package can be opened via method $help().
Method format(): Helper for print outputs.
 Usage:
 Tuner$format(...)
 Arguments:
 ... (ignored).
 Returns: (character()).
Method print(): Print method.
 Usage:
 Tuner$print()
 Returns: (character()).
Method help(): Opens the corresponding help page referenced by field $man.
 Usage:
 Tuner$help()
Method optimize(): Performs the tuning on a TuningInstanceSingleCrit or TuningInstance-
MultiCrit until termination. The single evaluations will be written into the ArchiveTuning that
resides in the TuningInstanceSingleCrit/TuningInstanceMultiCrit. The result will be written into
the instance object.
 Usage:
 Tuner$optimize(inst)
 Arguments:
 inst (TuningInstanceSingleCrit | TuningInstanceMultiCrit).
 Returns: data.table::data.table()
Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.
 Usage:
 Tuner$clone(deep = FALSE)
 Arguments:
 deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

58 tune_nested

tune_nested

Function for Nested Resampling

Description

Function to conduct nested resampling.

Usage

```
tune_nested(
  tuner,
  task,
  learner,
  inner_resampling,
 outer_resampling,
 measure = NULL,
  term_evals = NULL,
  term_time = NULL,
  terminator = NULL,
  search_space = NULL,
  store_tuning_instance = TRUE,
  store_benchmark_result = TRUE,
  store_models = FALSE,
  check_values = FALSE,
  allow_hotstart = FALSE,
  keep_hotstart_stack = FALSE,
  evaluate_default = FALSE,
  callbacks = list(),
 method
)
```

Arguments

```
tuner (Tuner)
Optimization algorithm.

task (mlr3::Task)
Task to operate on.

learner (mlr3::Learner)
Learner to tune.

inner_resampling (mlr3::Resampling)
Resampling used for the inner loop.

outer_resampling
mlr3::Resampling)
Resampling used for the outer loop.
```

tune_nested 59

measure (mlr3::Measure)

Measure to optimize. If NULL, default measure is used.

term_evals (integer(1))

Number of allowed evaluations. Ignored if terminator is passed.

term_time (integer(1))

Maximum allowed time in seconds. Ignored if terminator is passed.

terminator (Terminator)

Stop criterion of the tuning process.

search_space (paradox::ParamSet)

Hyperparameter search space. If NULL (default), the search space is constructed

from the TuneToken of the learner's parameter set (learner\$param_set).

store_tuning_instance

(logical(1))

If TRUE (default), stores the internally created TuningInstanceSingleCrit with all

intermediate results in slot \$tuning_instance.

store_benchmark_result

(logical(1))

If TRUE (default), store resample result of evaluated hyperparameter configura-

tions in archive as mlr3::BenchmarkResult.

store_models (logical(1))

If TRUE, fitted models are stored in the benchmark result (archive\$benchmark_result).

If store_benchmark_result = FALSE, models are only stored temporarily and not accessible after the tuning. This combination is needed for measures that

require a model.

check_values (logical(1))

If TRUE, hyperparameter values are checked before evaluation and performance

scores after. If FALSE (default), values are unchecked but computational over-

head is reduced.

allow_hotstart (logical(1))

Allow to hotstart learners with previously fitted models. See also mlr3::HotstartStack.

The learner must support hotstarting. Sets store_models = TRUE.

keep_hotstart_stack

(logical(1))

If TRUE, mlr3::HotstartStack is kept in \$objective\$hotstart_stack after tun-

ing.

evaluate_default

(logical(1))

If TRUE, learner is evaluated with hyperparameters set to their default values at

the start of the optimization.

callbacks (list of CallbackTuning)

List of callbacks.

method (character(1))

Deprecated. Use tuner instead.

Value

mlr3::ResampleResult

Examples

```
# Nested resampling on Palmer Penguins data set
rr = tune_nested(
   tuner = tnr("random_search", batch_size = 2),
   task = tsk("penguins"),
   learner = lrn("classif.rpart", cp = to_tune(1e-04, 1e-1, logscale = TRUE)),
   inner_resampling = rsmp ("holdout"),
   outer_resampling = rsmp("cv", folds = 2),
   measure = msr("classif.ce"),
   term_evals = 2)

# Performance scores estimated on the outer resampling
rr$score()

# Unbiased performance of the final model trained on the full data set
rr$aggregate()
```

TuningInstanceMultiCrit

Class for Multi Criteria Tuning

Description

The TuningInstanceMultiCrit specifies a tuning problem for Tuners. The function ti() creates a TuningInstanceMultiCrit and the function tune() creates an instance internally.

Details

The instance contains an ObjectiveTuning object that encodes the black box objective function a Tuner has to optimize. The instance allows the basic operations of querying the objective at design points (\$eval_batch()). This operation is usually done by the Tuner. Evaluations of hyperparameter configurations are performed in batches by calling mlr3::benchmark() internally. The evaluated hyperparameter configurations are stored in the Archive (\$archive). Before a batch is evaluated, the bbotk::Terminator is queried for the remaining budget. If the available budget is exhausted, an exception is raised, and no further evaluations can be performed from this point on. The tuner is also supposed to store its final result, consisting of a selected hyperparameter configuration and associated estimated performance values, by calling the method instance\$assign_result.

Resources

There are several sections about hyperparameter optimization in the mlr3book.

• Learn about multi-objective optimization.

The gallery features a collection of case studies and demos about optimization.

Analysis

For analyzing the tuning results, it is recommended to pass the ArchiveTuning to as.data.table(). The returned data table is joined with the benchmark result which adds the mlr3::ResampleResult for each hyperparameter evaluation.

The archive provides various getters (e.g. \$learners()) to ease the access. All getters extract by position (i) or unique hash (uhash). For a complete list of all getters see the methods section.

The benchmark result (\$benchmark_result) allows to score the hyperparameter configurations again on a different measure. Alternatively, measures can be supplied to as.data.table().

The mlr3viz package provides visualizations for tuning results.

Super classes

```
bbotk::OptimInstance -> bbotk::OptimInstanceMultiCrit -> TuningInstanceMultiCrit
```

Active bindings

```
result_learner_param_vals (list())
List of param values for the optimal learner call.
```

Methods

Public methods:

- TuningInstanceMultiCrit\$new()
- TuningInstanceMultiCrit\$assign_result()
- TuningInstanceMultiCrit\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

```
Usage:
TuningInstanceMultiCrit$new(
  task,
  learner,
  resampling,
  measures,
  terminator,
  search_space = NULL,
  store_benchmark_result = TRUE,
  store_models = FALSE,
  check_values = FALSE,
  allow_hotstart = FALSE,
  keep_hotstart_stack = FALSE,
  evaluate_default = FALSE,
  callbacks = list()
)
Arguments:
task (mlr3::Task)
```

Task to operate on.

```
learner (mlr3::Learner)
    Learner to tune.
resampling (mlr3::Resampling)
    Resampling that is used to evaluate the performance of the hyperparameter configurations.
    Uninstantiated resamplings are instantiated during construction so that all configurations
    are evaluated on the same data splits. Already instantiated resamplings are kept unchanged.
    Specialized Tuner change the resampling e.g. to evaluate a hyperparameter configuration
    on different data splits. This field, however, always returns the resampling passed in con-
    struction.
measures (list of mlr3::Measure)
    Measures to optimize.
terminator (Terminator)
    Stop criterion of the tuning process.
search_space (paradox::ParamSet)
    Hyperparameter search space. If NULL (default), the search space is constructed from the
    TuneToken of the learner's parameter set (learner$param_set).
store_benchmark_result (logical(1))
    If TRUE (default), store resample result of evaluated hyperparameter configurations in archive
    as mlr3::BenchmarkResult.
store_models (logical(1))
    If TRUE, fitted models are stored in the benchmark result (archive$benchmark_result). If
    store_benchmark_result = FALSE, models are only stored temporarily and not accessible
    after the tuning. This combination is needed for measures that require a model.
check_values (logical(1))
    If TRUE, hyperparameter values are checked before evaluation and performance scores after.
    If FALSE (default), values are unchecked but computational overhead is reduced.
allow_hotstart (logical(1))
    Allow to hotstart learners with previously fitted models. See also mlr3::HotstartStack. The
    learner must support hotstarting. Sets store_models = TRUE.
keep_hotstart_stack (logical(1))
    If TRUE, mlr3::HotstartStack is kept in $objective$hotstart_stack after tuning.
evaluate_default (logical(1))
    If TRUE, learner is evaluated with hyperparameters set to their default values at the start of
    the optimization.
callbacks (list of CallbackTuning)
    List of callbacks.
```

Method assign_result(): The Tuner object writes the best found points and estimated performance values here. For internal use.

```
TuningInstanceMultiCrit$assign_result(xdt, ydt, learner_param_vals = NULL)
Arguments:
xdt (data.table::data.table())
   Hyperparameter values as data.table::data.table(). Each row is one configuration.
   Contains values in the search space. Can contain additional columns for extra information.
```

```
ydt (data.table::data.table())
Optimal outcomes, e.g. the Pareto front.
learner_param_vals (List of named list()s)
Fixed parameter values of the learner that are neither part of the

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:
TuningInstanceMultiCrit$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:
deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

Examples

```
# Hyperparameter optimization on the Palmer Penguins data set
task = tsk("penguins")
# Load learner and set search space
learner = lrn("classif.rpart",
  cp = to_tune(1e-04, 1e-1, logscale = TRUE)
)
# Construct tuning instance
instance = ti(
  task = task,
  learner = learner,
  resampling = rsmp("cv", folds = 3),
  measures = msrs(c("classif.ce", "time_train")),
  terminator = trm("evals", n_evals = 4)
)
# Choose optimization algorithm
tuner = tnr("random_search", batch_size = 2)
# Run tuning
tuner$optimize(instance)
# Optimal hyperparameter configurations
instance$result
# Inspect all evaluated configurations
as.data.table(instance$archive)
```

 ${\tt TuningInstanceSingleCrit}$

Class for Single Criterion Tuning

Description

The TuningInstanceSingleCrit specifies a tuning problem for Tuners. The function ti() creates a TuningInstanceSingleCrit and the function tune() creates an instance internally.

Details

The instance contains an ObjectiveTuning object that encodes the black box objective function a Tuner has to optimize. The instance allows the basic operations of querying the objective at design points (\$eval_batch()). This operation is usually done by the Tuner. Evaluations of hyperparameter configurations are performed in batches by calling mlr3::benchmark() internally. The evaluated hyperparameter configurations are stored in the Archive (\$archive). Before a batch is evaluated, the bbotk::Terminator is queried for the remaining budget. If the available budget is exhausted, an exception is raised, and no further evaluations can be performed from this point on. The tuner is also supposed to store its final result, consisting of a selected hyperparameter configuration and associated estimated performance values, by calling the method instance\$assign_result.

Default Measures

If no measure is passed, the default measure is used. The default measure depends on the task type.

Task	Default Measure	Package
"classif"	"classif.ce"	mlr3
"regr"	"regr.mse"	mlr3
"surv"	"surv.cindex"	mlr3proba
"dens"	"dens.logloss"	mlr3proba
"classif_st"	"classif.ce"	mlr3spatial
"regr_st"	"regr.mse"	mlr3spatial
"clust"	"clust.dunn"	mlr3cluster

Resources

There are several sections about hyperparameter optimization in the mlr3book.

- Getting started with hyperparameter optimization.
- Tune a simple classification tree on the Sonar data set.
- Learn about tuning spaces.

The gallery features a collection of case studies and demos about optimization.

- Learn more advanced methods with the practical tuning series.
- Simultaneously optimize hyperparameters and use early stopping with XGBoost.
- Make us of proven search space.
- Learn about hotstarting models.
- Run the default hyperparameter configuration of learners as a baseline.

Extension Packages

mlr3tuning is extended by the following packages.

- mlr3tuningspaces is a collection of search spaces from scientific articles for commonly used learners.
- mlr3hyperband adds the Hyperband and Successive Halving algorithm.
- mlr3mbo adds Bayesian optimization methods.

Analysis

For analyzing the tuning results, it is recommended to pass the ArchiveTuning to as.data.table(). The returned data table is joined with the benchmark result which adds the mlr3::ResampleResult for each hyperparameter evaluation.

The archive provides various getters (e.g. \$learners()) to ease the access. All getters extract by position (i) or unique hash (uhash). For a complete list of all getters see the methods section.

The benchmark result (\$benchmark_result) allows to score the hyperparameter configurations again on a different measure. Alternatively, measures can be supplied to as.data.table().

The mlr3viz package provides visualizations for tuning results.

Super classes

```
bbotk::OptimInstance->bbotk::OptimInstanceSingleCrit->TuningInstanceSingleCrit
```

Active bindings

```
result_learner_param_vals (list())
Param values for the optimal learner call.
```

Methods

Public methods:

- TuningInstanceSingleCrit\$new()
- TuningInstanceSingleCrit\$assign_result()
- TuningInstanceSingleCrit\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

```
Usage:
TuningInstanceSingleCrit$new(
  task,
  learner,
  resampling,
  measure = NULL,
  terminator,
  search_space = NULL,
  store_benchmark_result = TRUE,
  store_models = FALSE,
  check_values = FALSE,
  allow_hotstart = FALSE,
  keep_hotstart_stack = FALSE,
  evaluate_default = FALSE,
  callbacks = list()
)
Arguments:
task (mlr3::Task)
   Task to operate on.
```

```
learner (mlr3::Learner)
```

Learner to tune.

```
resampling (mlr3::Resampling)
```

Resampling that is used to evaluate the performance of the hyperparameter configurations. Uninstantiated resamplings are instantiated during construction so that all configurations are evaluated on the same data splits. Already instantiated resamplings are kept unchanged. Specialized Tuner change the resampling e.g. to evaluate a hyperparameter configuration on different data splits. This field, however, always returns the resampling passed in construction.

```
measure (mlr3::Measure)
```

Measure to optimize. If NULL, default measure is used.

```
terminator (Terminator)
```

Stop criterion of the tuning process.

```
search_space (paradox::ParamSet)
```

Hyperparameter search space. If NULL (default), the search space is constructed from the TuneToken of the learner's parameter set (learner\$param_set).

```
store_benchmark_result (logical(1))
```

If TRUE (default), store resample result of evaluated hyperparameter configurations in archive as mlr3::BenchmarkResult.

```
store_models (logical(1))
```

If TRUE, fitted models are stored in the benchmark result (archive\$benchmark_result). If store_benchmark_result = FALSE, models are only stored temporarily and not accessible after the tuning. This combination is needed for measures that require a model.

```
check_values (logical(1))
```

If TRUE, hyperparameter values are checked before evaluation and performance scores after. If FALSE (default), values are unchecked but computational overhead is reduced.

```
allow_hotstart (logical(1))
```

Allow to hotstart learners with previously fitted models. See also mlr3::HotstartStack. The learner must support hotstarting. Sets store_models = TRUE.

```
keep_hotstart_stack (logical(1))
```

If TRUE, mlr3::HotstartStack is kept in \$objective\$hotstart_stack after tuning.

```
evaluate_default (logical(1))
```

If TRUE, learner is evaluated with hyperparameters set to their default values at the start of the optimization.

```
callbacks (list of CallbackTuning)
```

List of callbacks.

Method assign_result(): The Tuner object writes the best found point and estimated performance value here. For internal use.

```
Usage
```

```
TuningInstanceSingleCrit$assign_result(xdt, y, learner_param_vals = NULL)
```

Arguments:

```
xdt (data.table::data.table())
```

Hyperparameter values as data.table::data.table(). Each row is one configuration. Contains values in the search space. Can contain additional columns for extra information.

```
y (numeric(1))
    Optimal outcome.
learner_param_vals (List of named list()s)
    Fixed parameter values of the learner that are neither part of the

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.
    Usage:
    TuningInstanceSingleCrit$clone(deep = FALSE)
    Arguments:
    deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

Examples

```
# Hyperparameter optimization on the Palmer Penguins data set
task = tsk("penguins")
# Load learner and set search space
learner = lrn("classif.rpart",
  cp = to_tune(1e-04, 1e-1, logscale = TRUE)
# Construct tuning instance
instance = ti(
  task = task,
  learner = learner,
  resampling = rsmp("cv", folds = 3),
  measures = msr("classif.ce"),
  terminator = trm("evals", n_evals = 4)
# Choose optimization algorithm
tuner = tnr("random_search", batch_size = 2)
# Run tuning
tuner$optimize(instance)
# Set optimal hyperparameter configuration to learner
learner$param_set$values = instance$result_learner_param_vals
# Train the learner on the full data set
learner$train(task)
# Inspect all evaluated configurations
as.data.table(instance$archive)
```

Index

* Dictionary mlr_tuners, 27 * Tuner mlr_tuners, 27 mlr_tuners_cmaes, 28 mlr_tuners_design_points, 30	callback_tuning, 17 callback_tuning(), 16, 19 CallbackTuning, 10, 14, 16, 16, 17, 19, 24-26, 46-48, 52, 59, 62, 66 clbk(), 16, 17 ContextEval, 17-19, 19
mlr_tuners_gensa, 32 mlr_tuners_grid_search, 35 mlr_tuners_irace, 37 mlr_tuners_nloptr, 40 mlr_tuners_random_search, 43	ContextOptimization, 19 data.table::data.table, 9, 20, 31, 39 data.table::data.table(), 3, 4, 21, 23, 27, 57
* datasets	dictionary, <i>16</i> , <i>17</i> , <i>50</i>
<pre>mlr_tuners, 27 adagio::pureCMAES(), 28</pre>	<pre>extract_inner_tuning_archives, 21 extract_inner_tuning_results, 22</pre>
Archive, 60, 64 ArchiveTuning, 3, 3, 4, 9, 26, 38, 39, 46, 47,	GenSA::GenSA(), 32, 33
51, 53, 57, 61, 65 as_search_space, 7	<pre>irace::defaultScenario(), 38 irace::irace(), 37</pre>
auto_tuner(), 7, 13	Learner, 11
AutoTuner, 7, 7, 8, 13, 15, 16, 21, 23, 25	Measures, 53 mlr3::benchmark(), 8, 15, 16, 21, 23, 30, 33,
<pre>bbotk::Archive, 4 bbotk::CallbackOptimization, 16</pre>	36, 43, 55, 60, 64 mlr3::BenchmarkResult, 3-5, 10, 14, 20-24,
bbotk::Codomain, 5 bbotk::ContextOptimization, 17-20	26, 46, 48, 52, 59, 62, 66
bbotk::Objective, 45	mlr3::HotstartStack, 10, 14, 35, 46–48, 52, 59, 62, 66
<pre>bbotk::OptimInstance, 61, 65 bbotk::OptimInstanceMultiCrit, 61</pre>	mlr3::Learner, 5, 7–10, 13, 15, 45, 46, 48, 51, 53, 58, 62, 66
<pre>bbotk::OptimInstanceSingleCrit, 65 bbotk::OptimizerCmaes, 28</pre>	mlr3::Measure, 4, 5, 7, 10, 14, 15, 45, 46, 48, 52, 53, 59, 62, 66
<pre>bbotk::OptimizerDesignPoints, 30 bbotk::OptimizerGenSA, 33</pre>	mlr3::Prediction, 6 mlr3::resample(), 8, 15, 21, 23
bbotk::OptimizerGridSearch, 36 bbotk::OptimizerIrace, 38	mlr3::ResampleResult, 4, 6, 21–23, 53, 59,
bbotk::OptimizerNLoptr, 41	61,65 mlr3::Resampling,7,8,10,13,15,16,45,
bbotk::OptimizerRandomSearch, 43 bbotk::Terminator, 7, 15, 40, 55, 60, 64	46, 48, 52, 53, 58, 62, 66 mlr3::Task, 45, 46, 48, 51, 53, 58, 61, 65

INDEX 69

mlr3misc::Callback, 16	Terminator, 10, 14, 28, 31, 34, 36, 38, 41, 44
mlr3misc::Context, 20	48, 50, 52, 53, 59, 62, 66
mlr3misc::Dictionary, 27, 50	TerminatorCombo, 53
mlr3misc::dictionary_sugar_get(), 50	TerminatorEvals, 38
mlr3tuning (mlr3tuning-package), 3	Terminators, <i>50</i> , <i>53</i>
mlr3tuning-package, 3	ti, 47
mlr3tuning.backup, 24	ti(), 60, 63
mlr3tuning.early_stopping, 25	tnr, 50
mlr3tuning.measures, 26	tnr(), 27, 28, 30, 33, 35, 37, 40, 43
mlr3tuning::Tuner, 29, 31, 34, 36, 39, 41, 44	tnrs (tnr), 50
mlr3tuning::TunerFromOptimizer, 29, 31,	tnrs(), 27
34, 39, 41, 44	tune, 51
	tune(), 60, 63
mlr_callbacks, 16, 17	tune_nested, 58
mlr_reflections\$tuner_properties, 56,	Tuner, 7, 8, 10, 13–15, 27, 28, 30, 33, 35–38,
57	40, 41, 43, 46, 48, 50–52, 54, 54, 58
mlr_terminators, 50	60, 62, 64, 66
mlr_tuners, 27, 29, 31, 34, 37, 39, 42, 44, 50	TunerCmaes (mlr_tuners_cmaes), 28
mlr_tuners_cmaes, 27, 28, 31, 34, 37, 39, 42,	TunerDesignPoints
44	(mlr_tuners_design_points), 30
mlr_tuners_design_points, 27, 29, 30, 34,	TunerGenSA (mlr_tuners_gensa), 32
37, 39, 42, 44	TunerGridSearch
mlr_tuners_gensa, 27, 29, 31, 32, 37, 39, 42,	(mlr_tuners_grid_search), 35
44	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
mlr_tuners_grid_search, 27, 29, 31, 34, 35,	TunerIrace (mlr_tuners_irace), 37
39, 42, 44	TunerNLoptr (mlr_tuners_nloptr), 40
mlr_tuners_irace, 27, 29, 31, 34, 37, 37, 42,	TunerRandomSearch
44	(mlr_tuners_random_search), 43
mlr_tuners_nloptr, 27, 29, 31, 34, 37, 39,	Tuners, 50, 60, 63
40, 44	TuneToken, 5, 10, 14, 48, 52, 59, 62, 66
mlr_tuners_random_search, 27, 29, 31, 34,	TuningInstanceMultiCrit, 23, 45, 47, 48,
37, 39, 42, 43	51–53, 55, 57, 60, 60
	TuningInstanceSingleCrit, 8–10, 14, 23,
nloptr::nloptr, 40	39, 45, 47, 48, 51–53, 55, 57, 59, 63
nloptr::nloptr(), 40, 41	63
<pre>nloptr::nloptr.print.options(),41</pre>	
ObjectiveTuning, 20, 45, 60, 64	
paradox::generate_design_grid(), 35	
paradox::generate_design_random(), 43	
paradox::ParamSet, 5, 7, 10, 14, 15, 48, 50,	
52, 56, 57, 59, 62, 66	
paradox::TuneToken, 53	
R6, 5, 9, 20, 29, 31, 34, 36, 39, 42, 44, 46, 56, 61, 65	
R6::R6Class, 27, 50	
requireNamespace(), 56, 57	
1 09a11 chamcopace (7, 50, 57	