

Package ‘streamConnect’

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Title Connecting Stream Mining Components Using Sockets and Web Services

Description Adds functionality to connect stream mining components from the stream package using sockets and Web services. The package can be used to create distributed work-flows and plumber-based Web services that can be deployed on most common cloud services.

Depends stream (>= 2.0-0)

Imports plumber, callr, httr, readr, stringr, jsonlite

Suggests knitr, httpuv, processx, rmarkdown, testthat (>= 3.0.0), covr

BugReports <https://github.com/mhahsler/streamConnect/issues>

License GPL-3

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DSC_WebService	<i>A DSC Interface for a DSC Running as a Web Service</i>
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Description

Provides a DSC front-end for a clusterer running as a web service. The methods `nclusters()`, `get_center()`, `get_weights()` are supported. The request is retried with `httr::RETRY()` if it fails the first time.

Usage

```
DSC_WebService(url, verbose = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>url</code>	endpoint URI address in the format <code>http://host:port/<optional_path></code> . For localhost, use <code>127.0.0.1</code> , the default IPv4 loopback address.
<code>verbose</code>	logical; display connection information.
<code>...</code>	further arguments are passed on to <code>httr::RETRY()</code> . Pass <code>httr::verbose()</code> as parameter config to get detailed connection info.

Value

A `stream::DSC` object.

See Also

Other WebService: `DSD_ReadWebService()`, `publish_DSC_via_WebService()`, `publish_DSD_via_WebService()`
 Other dsc: `publish_DSC_via_WebService()`

Examples

```
# tryCatch is used to catch connection errors
tryCatch({
  # find a free port
  port <- httpuv::randomPort()
  port

  # deploy a clustering process listening for data on the port
  rp1 <- publish_DSC_via_WebService("DSC_DBSTREAM(r = .05)", port = port)
  rp1
```

```

# get a local DSC interface
dsc <- DSC_WebService(paste0("http://127.0.0.1", ":", port),
  verbose = TRUE, config = httr::verbose(info = TRUE))
dsc

# cluster
dsd <- DSD_Gaussians(k = 3, d = 2, noise = 0.05)

update(dsc, dsd, 500)

get_centers(dsc)
get_weights(dsc)

plot(dsc)

# kill the background clustering process.
rp1$kill()
rp1

}, warning = function(w) {
  message("localhost warning: ", w)
}, error = function(e) {
  message("localhost error: ", e)
})

```

DSD_ReadSocket

A DSD That Reads from a Server Port

Description

Creates a `DSD_ReadStream` that reads from a port.

Usage

```
DSD_ReadSocket(host = "127.0.0.1", port, retry_args = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>host</code>	hostname or IP address. Defaults to "127.0.0.1", the IPv4 loopback address for localhost.
<code>port</code>	host port.
<code>retry_args</code>	a list with arguments for <code>retry()</code> .
<code>...</code>	further arguments are passed on to <code>stream::DSD_ReadStream()</code> .

Value

A `stream::DSD` object.

See Also

Other Socket: [publish_DSD_via_Socket\(\)](#)

Other dsd: [DSD_ReadWebService\(\)](#), [publish_DSD_via_Socket\(\)](#), [publish_DSD_via_WebService\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# tryCatch is used to catch connection errors
tryCatch({
  # find a free port
  port <- httpuv::randomPort()
  port

  # create a background DSD process sending data to the port
  rp1 <- DSD_Gaussians(k = 3, d = 3) %>% publish_DSD_via_Socket(port = port)
  rp1

  # create a DSD that connects to the socket. Note that we need to
  # specify the column names of the stream
  dsd <- DSD_ReadSocket(port = port, col.names = c("x", "y", "z", ".class"))
  dsd

  get_points(dsd, n = 10)

  plot(dsd)

  close_stream(dsd)

  # end the DSD process. Note: that closing the connection above
  # may already kill the process.
  if (rp1$is_alive()) rp1$kill()
  rp1
}, warning = function(w) {
  message("localhost warning: ", w)
}, error = function(e) {
  message("localhost error: ", e)
})
```

DSD_ReadWebService *A DSD That Reads from a Web Service*

Description

Reads from a web service that publishes an operation called `get_points` which takes a parameter `n` and returns `n` data points in CSV or json format. The request is retried with [http::RETRY\(\)](#) if it fails the first time.

Usage

```
DSD_ReadWebService(url, verbose = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>url</code>	endpoint URI address in the format <code>http://host:port/<optional_path></code> . For localhost, use <code>127.0.0.1</code> , the default IPv4 loopback address.
<code>verbose</code>	logical; display connection information.
<code>...</code>	further arguments are passed on to <code>http::RETRY()</code> . Pass <code>http::verbose()</code> as parameter config to get detailed connection info.

Value

A `stream::DSD` object.

See Also

Other WebService: `DSC_WebService()`, `publish_DSC_via_WebService()`, `publish_DSD_via_WebService()`

Other dsd: `DSD_ReadSocket()`, `publish_DSD_via_Socket()`, `publish_DSD_via_WebService()`

Examples

```
# tryCatch is used to catch connection errors
tryCatch({
  # find a free port
  port <- httpuv::randomPort()
  port

  # create a background DSD process sending data to the port
  rp1 <- publish_DSD_via_WebService("DSD_Gaussians(k = 3, d = 3)", port = port)

  ## use json for the transport layer instead of csv
  # rp1 <- publish_DSD_via_WebService("DSD_Gaussians(k = 3, d = 3)",
  #                                port = port, serialize = "json")
  rp1

  # create a DSD that connects to the web service
  dsd <- DSD_ReadWebService(paste0("http://127.0.0.1", ":", port))
  dsd

  get_points(dsd, n = 10)

  plot(dsd)

  # end the DSD process. Note: that closing the connection above
  # may already kill the process.
  rp1$kill()
  rp1
}, warning = function(w) {
  message("localhost warning: ", w)
}, error = function(e) {
  message("localhost error: ", e)
})
```

publish_DSC_via_WebService

Publish a Data Stream Clustering Task via a Web Service

Description

Uses the package plumber to publish a data stream task as a web service.

Usage

```
publish_DSC_via_WebService(  
  dsc,  
  port,  
  task_file = NULL,  
  serializer = "csv",  
  serve = TRUE,  
  background = TRUE,  
  debug = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

dsc	A character string that creates a DSC.
port	port used to serve the task.
task_file	name of the plumber task script file.
serializer	method used to serialize the data. By default, csv (comma-separated values) is used. Other methods are json and rds (see plumber::serializer_csv).
serve	if TRUE, then a task file is written and a server started, otherwise, only a plumber task file is written.
background	logical; start a background process?
debug	if TRUE, then the service is started locally and a web client is started to explore the interface.

Details

The function writes a plumber task script file and starts the web server to serve the content of the stream using the endpoints

- GET /info
- POST /update requires the data to be uploaded as a file in csv format (see Examples section).
- GET /get_centers with parameter type (see [stream::get_centers\(\)](#)).
- GET /get_weights with parameter type (see [stream::get_weights\(\)](#)).

Supported serializers are csv (default), json, and rds.

APIs generated using plumber can be easily deployed. See: [Hosting](#). By setting a task_file and serve = FALSE a plumber task script file is generated for deployment.

Value

a `processx::process` object created with `callr::r_bg()` which runs the plumber server in the background. The process can be stopped with `rp$kill()` or by killing the process using the operating system with the appropriate PID. `rp$get_result()` can be used to check for errors in the server process (e.g., when it terminates unexpectedly).

See Also

Other WebService: `DSC_WebService()`, `DSD_ReadWebService()`, `publish_DSD_via_WebService()`

Other dsc: `DSC_WebService()`

Examples

```
# tryCatch is used to catch connection errors
tryCatch({
  # find a free port
  port <- httpuv::randomPort()
  port

  # Deploy a clustering process listening for data on the port
  rp1 <- publish_DSC_via_WebService("DSC_DBSTREAM(r = .05)", port = port)
  rp1

  # look at ? DSC_WebService for a convenient interface.
  # Here we show how to connect to the port and send data manually.
  library(httr)

  # the info verb returns some basic information about the clusterer.
  resp <- RETRY("GET", paste0("http://127.0.0.1:", port, "/info"))
  d <- content(resp, show_col_types = FALSE)
  d

  # create a local data stream and send it to the clusterer using the update verb.
  dsd <- DSD_Gaussians(k = 3, d = 2, noise = 0.05)

  tmp <- tempfile()
  stream::write_stream(dsd, tmp, n = 500, header = TRUE)
  resp <- POST(paste0("http://127.0.0.1:", port, "/update"),
    body = list(upload = upload_file(tmp)))
  unlink(tmp)
  resp

  # retrieve the cluster centers using the get_centers verb
  resp <- GET(paste0("http://127.0.0.1:", port, "/get_centers"))
  d <- content(resp, show_col_types = FALSE)
  head(d)

  plot(dsd, n = 100)
  points(d, col = "red", pch = 3, lwd = 3)

  # kill the process.
```

```

rp1$kill()
rp1

# Debug the interface (run the service and start a web interface)
if (interactive())
  publish_DSC_via_WebService("DSC_DBSTREAM(r = .05)",
    port = port, debug = TRUE)
}, warning = function(w) {
  message("localhost warning: ", w)
}, error = function(e) {
  message("localhost error: ", e)
})

```

publish_DSD_via_Socket

Publish a Data Stream using a Socket

Description

Creates a socket server connection to send stream data.

Usage

```
publish_DSD_via_Socket(dsd, port, blocksize = 1024L, background = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

dsd	A DSD object.
port	port used to serve the DSD.
blocksize	number of data points pushed on the buffer at once.
background	logical; start a background process?
...	further arguments are passed on to socketConnection() .

Details

Creates a server socket with [socketConnection\(\)](#) and then uses a [stream::write_stream\(\)](#) to write data to a socket connection. This method does not provide a header for the data.

Value

a [processx::process](#) object created with [callr::r_bg\(\)](#) which runs the plumber server in the background. The process can be stopped with [rp\\$kill\(\)](#) or by killing the process using the operating system with the appropriate PID. [rp\\$get_result\(\)](#) can be used to check for errors in the server process (e.g., when it terminates unexpectedly).

See Also

Other Socket: [DSD_ReadSocket\(\)](#)

Other dsd: [DSD_ReadSocket\(\)](#), [DSD_ReadWebService\(\)](#), [publish_DSD_via_WebService\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# tryCatch is used to catch connection errors
tryCatch({
  # find a free port
  port <- httpuv::randomPort()
  port

  # create a background DSD process sending data to the port
  rp1 <- DSD_Gaussians(k = 3, d = 3) %>% publish_DSD_via_Socket(port = port)
  rp1

  # connect to the port (retry waits for the socket to establish)
  con <- retry(socketConnection(host = "127.0.0.1", port = port, open = 'r'))
  dsd <- retry(DSD_ReadStream(con, col.names = c("x", "y", "z", ".class")))

  get_points(dsd, n = 10)

  plot(dsd)

  # close connection
  close_stream(dsd)

  # end the DSD process. Note: that closing the connection above
  # may already kill the process.
  rp1$kill()
  rp1
}, warning = function(w) {
  message("localhost warning: ", w)
}, error = function(e) {
  message("localhost error: ", e)
})
```

publish_DSD_via_WebService

Publish a Data Stream via a Web Service

Description

Uses the package plumber to publish a data stream as a web service.

Usage

```
publish_DSD_via_WebService(
  dsd,
```

```

    port,
    task_file = NULL,
    serializer = "csv",
    serve = TRUE,
    background = TRUE,
    debug = FALSE
  )

```

Arguments

dsd	A character string that creates a DSD.
port	port used to serve the DSD.
task_file	name of the plumber task script file.
serializer	method used to serialize the data. By default, csv (comma-separated values) is used. Other methods are json and rds (see plumber::serializer_csv).
serve	if TRUE, then a task file is written and a server started, otherwise, only a plumber task file is written.
background	logical; start a background process?
debug	if TRUE, then the service is started locally and a web client is started to explore the interface.

Details

The function writes a plumber task script file and starts the web server to serve the content of the stream using the endpoints

- http://127.0.0.1:port/get_points?n=100 and
- <http://127.0.0.1:port/info>.

APIs generated using plumber can be easily deployed. See: [Hosting](#). By setting a task_file and serve = FALSE a plumber task script file is generated for deployment.

A convenient reader for stream data over web services is available as [DSD_ReadWebService](#).

Value

a [processx::process](#) object created with [callr::r_bg\(\)](#) which runs the plumber server in the background. The process can be stopped with [rp\\$kill\(\)](#) or by killing the process using the operating system with the appropriate PID. [rp\\$get_result\(\)](#) can be used to check for errors in the server process (e.g., when it terminates unexpectedly).

See Also

Other WebService: [DSC_WebService\(\)](#), [DSD_ReadWebService\(\)](#), [publish_DSC_via_WebService\(\)](#)

Other dsd: [DSD_ReadSocket\(\)](#), [DSD_ReadWebService\(\)](#), [publish_DSD_via_Socket\(\)](#)

Examples

```

# tryCatch is used to catch connection errors
tryCatch({
  # find a free port
  port <- httpuv::randomPort()
  port

  # create a background DSD process sending data to the port
  rp1 <- publish_DSD_via_WebService("DSD_Gaussians(k = 3, d = 3)", port = port)
  rp1

  # connect to the port and read manually. See DSD_ReadWebService for
  # a more convenient way to connect to the WebService in R.
  library("httr")

  # we use RETRY to give the server time to spin up
  resp <- RETRY("GET", paste0("http://127.0.0.1:", port, "/info"))
  d <- content(resp, show_col_types = FALSE)
  d

  # example: Get 100 points and plot them
  resp <- GET(paste0("http://127.0.0.1:", port, "/get_points?n=100"))
  d <- content(resp, show_col_types = FALSE)
  head(d)

  dsd <- DSD_Memory(d)
  dsd
  plot(dsd, n = -1)

  # end the DSD process. Note: that closing the connection above
  # may already kill the process.
  rp1$kill()
  rp1

  # Publish using json

  rp2 <- publish_DSD_via_WebService("DSD_Gaussians(k = 3, d = 3)",
    port = port, serializer = "json")
  rp2

  # connect to the port and read
  # we use RETRY to give the server time to spin up
  resp <- RETRY("GET", paste0("http://127.0.0.1:", port, "/info"))
  content(resp, as = "text")

  resp <- GET(paste0("http://127.0.0.1:", port, "/get_points?n=5"))
  content(resp, as = "text")

  # cleanup
  rp2$kill()
  rp2

```

```
# Debug the interface (run the service and start a web interface)
if (interactive())
  publish_DSD_via_WebService("DSD_Gaussians(k = 3, d = 3)", port = port,
    debug = TRUE)
}, warning = function(w) {
  message("localhost warning: ", w)
}, error = function(e) {
  message("localhost error: ", e)
})
```

 retry

Retry an Expression that Fails

Description

Retries an expression that fails. This is mainly used when establishing a connection.

Usage

```
retry(f, times = 5, wait = 1, verbose = FALSE, operation = NULL)
```

Arguments

f	expression
times	integer; number of times
wait	number of seconds to wait in between tries.
verbose	logical; show progress and errors.
operation	name of the operation used in the error message.

Value

the result of the expression f

Examples

```
retry(1)
```

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